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AFFAIRS OF THE NATION

Carlisle Replies to Sherman's Recent Silver Manifesto.

READY TO REPEAL THE BILL

The Kentucky Senator Says His Colleagues Are Willing to Rescind the Sherman Act and Pass a Measure to Improve Present Conditions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The declaration of Senator Sherman, to the effect that the Democratic senators are opposed to the repeal of the silver purchase act, and that if ten of those senators would vote for a repeal bill it would pass the senate within ten days, has attracted general attention and is likely to result in forcing the finance committee toward bringing the question of repeal before the senate at an early date. It is the general belief that when congress assembled in December it was the purpose of the Republicans to do nothing whatever with the question, but to let it go over till the next session for the Democrats to deal with.

Since the Christmas holidays, however, impelled by the force of public opinion, a number of the Republican senators, including Mr. Sherman, have concluded that something should be done at the present session to secure the repeal or suspension of the silver purchase act, and it was proposed that the question should be taken up by the finance committee, before whom is pending Sherman's bill, introduced last July, to repeal that act.

The Majority Must Act First.

Mr. Carlisle before his departure for Kentucky had interviews with Senators Sherman, Allison and Aldrich, all of whom are members of the finance committee, and these gentlemen agreed that the finance committee should at once give consideration to the question. Senator Carlisle informed the writer that he was surprised this was not done by the finance committee on Tuesday last, as he was led to believe from conversations with the gentlemen named that the committee would take up the question at a meeting to be held that day.

Senator Carlisle said that as the Republicans are in the majority in the committee and in the senate the initiative must be taken by them. The minority can do nothing in this direction, and until the question is formally presented to the senate it was gratuitous in Mr. Sherman to assume that the Democrats would interpose obstacles to the progress of a remedial measure.

Mr. Carlisle further said that from personal inquiry among his party associates in the senate he knows that there has been a decided change of feeling among them on the silver question, and he is confident that a bill could be passed at this session which would very much improve the present conditions if the Republicans would act promptly and earnestly. He does not believe that a measure could be passed providing for the summary stoppage of silver coinage, but he does believe that a measure similar to that reported by the house committee on banking and currency would be favorably received and would be likely to receive an affirmative vote in the senate.

Says Sherman is Mistaken.

Mr. Carlisle believes Mr. Sherman is mistaken in stating that ten Democratic senators could not be obtained to vote for repealing the Sherman act. If the finance committee will bring in a bill Mr. Carlisle has no doubt that it could be so shaped in the senate as to insure the support of at least twelve or thirteen Democratic senators, and perhaps a greater number.

Any measure intended to curtail the purchase of silver bullion or arrest the coinage of silver would of course be opposed by the advocates of free coinage like Senator Stewart and Representative Bland, but Mr. Carlisle believes that the following of these gentlemen would be comparatively small and not sufficient to resist successfully the passage of a measure which the conservative men of both parties would agree to.

There is only one way in which Mr. Sherman's allegation as to what would be the attitude of the Democratic senators on a remedial measure can be demonstrated, and that is for the finance committee to bring in a bill and put them to a practical test.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Mr. Morrill (Rep.), of Vermont, addressed the senate in an argument against the McCarrahan bill, and, alluding to Mr. John Randolph Tucker as having made an adverse report on the claim, expressed the hope that the rumor that Mr. Tucker would be Mr. Cleveland's attorney general would prove to be true.

At the conclusion of Mr. Morrill's argument against the McGarrahan bill, the bill went over without action, and Mr. Peffer (Pop.), Kansas, addressed the senate in support of his joint resolution to limit the presidential office to one term.

Representative Lodge (Rep.), of Massachusetts, presented a petition to the house, signed by 10,000 citizens, in favor of a law placing restrictions upon immigration. Mr. Beltzhoover (Dem.), of Pennsylvania from the committee on war claims, reported back the Burrows resolution calling on the various departments for information relating to the amount of war claims allowed by them and by the court of claims, and it was adopted.

Silver a Bone of Contention.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—There was a caucus of Republican senators to arrange an order of business to follow the antioptions bill, which it is expected will be disposed of Wednesday. Nothing final was done for two reasons—first, because of the slender attendance, and, second, because there was a difference of opinion that could not be adjusted in the brief time that the caucus was in session. This difficulty arose from the effort of certain senators to bind the caucus to take up the silver repeal resolution immediately after the antioptions bill. As was to be expected, the silver senators bitterly resisted this attempt, and the caucus adjourned to meet tomorrow, when it is hoped that there will be a better attendance.

McComas Still on the Rack.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—It was the intention of the senate subcommittee on the judiciary to have met and made its report to the full committee in the matter of the charges against Mr. McComas, but the final proceedings have been again blocked by additional complications. Mr. Mitchell, chairman of the subcommittee, was not present owing to the death of a relative. A Democratic member called the attention of the committee to an intimation in the Baltimore Sun that Mr. McComas was said to have been connected with the irregular transactions of some building association, and the committee therefore permitted the matter to go over until tomorrow.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Jan. 16, 1893.

The President has almost, but not quite, made up his mind that he posesses the authority, without further Congressional legislation, to withdraw the privileges now enjoyed by the Canadian Pacific Railroad. The matter has been discussed at several Cabinet meetings, and if the President finally concludes that Congressional action is unnecessary he will make no recommendation in his message which he will send to Congress with the information concerning this matter which has been gathered by the executive department of the government, but will at about the same time issue an order—possibly a proclamation—withdrawing certain privileges, among them the carrying of imported merchandise through the United States under consular seals, which puts a large sum of money in the pockets of the Canadian Pacific Railroad people without any corresponding benefit to this country or its citizens.

Representative Burrows, of Michigan, thinks there is something in the charges which have from time to time been made against the whiskey trust, of defrauding the government out of large sums of money by the use of poisonous drugs as adulterants, and of violating the laws in other ways, and he has introduced a resolution in the House providing for an investigation of the charges by a special committee of five; the same committee also to ascertain and report the names of all persons connected with the trust. It is believed that if this resolution be adopted and the investigation be thoroughly made it will uncover a great scandal, involving many men of prominence, not only in public but also in private life, including more than one man of high scientific attainments.

Many members of Congress are kicking themselves for having been so gullible as to swallow that silly story about Senator Hill and boss Croker having quarreled, and Murphy, Croker and Tammany having decided to desert Hill and cast their lots in with Cleveland. Truly it was a story for the political marines, and was undoubtedly given out with the full consent of Hill and Croker. The object aimed at was in plain view of those with eyes piercing enough to see through the hazey vail of mist which usually surrounds the political movements of the democrats named. Having had its own way in the nomination of U. S. Senator, greatly to the humiliation of one, G. Cleveland, who it should not be forgotten will soon have the distribution of many offices, Tammany concluded that it would be a great idea to pretend that it had quarreled with Hill, the maker of Murphy. It would soothe the wounded dignity of Mr. Cleveland, and probably prevent his repudiating certain anti-election promises made to Tammany, and would not hurt either Hill or Tammany. It may be set down as certain that whenever Hill chooses to make a fight of any kind against Mr. Cleveland, in the U. S. Senate, the vote of Murphy will be at his disposal.

The slowness with which the regular Appropriation bills are being reported to the House makes many believe that chairman Holman of the House Appropriation committee, was in earnest when he said the other day that unless certain legislation—presumably the free coinage of silver—was passed at this session he would feel justified in forcing an early extra session of the next Congress by causing the failure of some of the Appropriation bills. It would however, be a very dangerous precedent for a chairman of the House committee on Appropriations to deliberately delay Appropriation bills to force an extra session.

Mr. Cleveland is a shrewder politician than many people are disposed to believe. An evidence of this was given when he sent a trusted personal friend to sound Senator Morgan, of Alabama, to ascertain whether he would accept the portfolio of the Secretary of State. Now, Senator Morgan is, and was all during Mr. Cleveland's first administration an outspoken opponent of a number of Mr. Cleveland's ideas, particularly those on finance. At the same time he is one of the best posted democrats in public life on our foreign relations, and is as vigorous in his American ism as the most ardent republican would ask that the Secretary of State should be. If Mr. Cleveland could get him to become his Secretary of State he would at one and the same time secure an able and capable adviser on foreign matters and remove a dangerous democratic opponent from the Senate. There is a doubt, however, as to whether Mr. Morgan would be willing to associate himself with the Cleveland administration, although the honor of being Secretary of State is not one to be lightly refused.

All things come to an end, even the debate on the antioption bill, which is to be voted on Wednesday. It will of course be passed.

P. O. S. OF A. FESTIVAL.

On Friday, December 30, the P. O. S. of A. Camp at Julian held an entertainment and festival for the benefit of the new hall recently erected by the organization. The choir, composed of Miss Tryphena Tallhelm, organist; Misses Mary Williams, Jennie Tallhelm, Sadie Harbridge, Laura Bullock, Roxie Meyers, Jennie Sanders, Mrs. Jennie Stevens, Irene and Annie Yothers and Messrs. David Murphy, John Flick, Dr. Swoope, and Mr. Dale, rendered some very choice musical selections. Dr. Swoope and Walter Tallhelm favored those present with several instrumental duets while Prof. Judson Smith and Sister, of Millport, sang several duets. The speakers of the evening were Rev. J. C. Young, of the M. E. church; Hon. James Schofield, of Bellefonte; Mr. Spotts, of Unionville, and Mr. Bullock, of Julian. The addresses were all fine, but that of Mr. Schofield especially was appreciated, considering the fact that he did not go there with any intention of making a speech.

During the evening a festival was held at which oysters, chicken and waffles, hot coffee together with fruits, nuts and candies were served. The net proceeds were $40.00. For the deliciousness of every thing served credit is due Misses Jennie Tallhelm and Jennie Stephens, Mrs. Rachael Boyer, Mrs. William Chandler, Mrs. Bodle, Mrs. Hale, Mrs. McGinley and Mrs. Hannah Murphy. We also desire to make special mention of Mr. Matloch Fry, who was instrumental in building the hall and who was master of ceremonies on the occasion of this gathering and festival.

—In the winter of 1853, now forty years ago, E. R. Williams commenced teaching public school in Huston township and although he is now sixty years of age he is still teaching in the same place. When he commenced teaching he was but twenty years old and he has taught every year in Huston except nine years that he was school director and one year that he taught in Blair county and one in Worth township. He attended the first teachers institute in the county in the year 1854, Dr. Gibson was the county superintendent. It was held in the old Presbyterian church which stood on the site of the present building on Spring street, Bellefonte.

—The teachers of Huston, Union, Taylor, Half Moon and Worth townships held a meeting at Port Matilda on Friday afternoon, Dec. 30, for the purpose of electing officers for a Local Teacher's Institute to be held at Port Matilda on Saturdry, Jan. 21, 1893. O. D. Ebberts presided. The following officers were elected: President, Miss M. E. Pile; Vice President, J. F. Goss; Secretary, Miss Susan Williams; committee on programme, Misses Candace Woodring and Clara Kline, Edward Williams, Chas. Waite, J. H. Harpster and J. H. Cowher; committee on music, Misses C. J. Kline, Susan Williams and John Burkett.

—One of the best teachers in the public schools of Centre country is J. R. Sheffler, who is now teaching in the red school house on the pike leading to Milesburg, in Spring township. He commenced his career as a teacher in Potter township in the winter of 1858, most of the time he has been at this work he has taught in Spring and Benner townships. He has not only taught in winter but often through the summer months. For thirty five years he has given close attention to school work. He is now 57 years old.

—The Evangelical church at Zion which has lately undergone extensive repairs will be re-opened to the service of God on Sunday, January 29. Rev. Benfer, of Lock Haven, and Rev. Finkbinder, of Millheim, with other ministers from a distance will take part in the rededication. Rev. J. H. Lohr is the pastor in charge. Services will be held in the church Saturday evening, Sunday morning and evening. A cordial invitation to be present is extended to all.

JERSEY'S NEW SENATOR.

James Smith, Jr., of Newark, Will Get the Prize.

GOVERNOR ABBETT WITHDRAWS.

President of the Senate Adrian Makes the Nomination Speech, and Mr. Smith Is Named on the First Ballot—General Sewell Will Oppose Him.

TRENTON, Jan. 16.—The joint caucus of the Democratic members of the legislature was held in the assembly chamber at 10 o'clock last night, and in less than half an hour Mr. Smith became the nominee of his party for United States senator. Governor Abbett withdrew at the last moment from the battle.

Senator Barrett, of Essex, presided at the caucus, and Mr. Lane, of Union, was chosen secretary. Nominations being at once declared in order, Senator Marsh, of Union, arose and announced that Governor Abbett had releas his friends from their obligation to support him, and that he would therefore withdrw his name.

JAMES SMITH, JR.

President of the Senate Adrain then took the floor and nominated Mr. James Smith, Jr. He spoke of his services to the Democratic party and of his ability, evoking much applause.

Assemblyman Timothy Barrett, of Essex, seconded Mr. Smith's nomination, and then the roll was called and the nomination was effected by a unanimous vote. Mr. Smith was awaiting the result at the state house, and there received the congratulations of his friends.

Mr. Smith is a native of Newark, N. J., where he was born in 1851. He is a member of the big leather firm of Smith & Halsey. His first office was that of councilman, in 1883. Although the ward in which he lived was Republican he was elected by a very large majority and at once became a leader.

In the following fall the Democrats nominated him for mayor, but he declined to stand. Subsequently he was tendered other officers but declined everything, although accepting the presidency of the Newark board of public works.

He is a modest and unostentatious man, a born politician and liberal in his charities. He has a charming wife, interesting children and an elegant house, where he spends nearly all his leisure time.

The Republicans held their caucus in the senate chamber and gave the empty honor of the nomination for senator to General William J. Sewell, of Camden. General E. Burd Grubb was also a candidate, but received only two votes.

Police Captains Responsible.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The police board yesterday rendered a verdict in the cases of Inspectors Williams and McAvoy and Captains Stevenson, Westervelt and Doherty. They find that the charges were true, but that the inspectors were not not guilty. In the cases of Captains Stevenson, Wetervelt and Doherty, the board says: "Considering that their duties are confined to precincts, that they are in a position to learn all particulars concerning the enforcement and violation of law, they should have discovered the violations which the superintendent was able to discover." The board found that the captains were negligent in the discharge of their duty, and they were severely censured and reprimanded.

Ramsay as a Peacemaker.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—D. D. Ramsay, grand chief of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, has had all the differences between the operators upon the Big Four and the officials of the road amicably settled, and has achieved a like result on the Wabash road. In the former case the increase of pay to the telegraphers amounts to $34,000 a year. The increase to the employes of the Wabash has not been calculated.

Gray Re-Elected Senator.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 17.—The Democratic members of the legislature went into caucus at 9:30 o'clock last evening, and nominated George Gray for United States senator, by acclamation. W. H. Burnite was nominated for state treasurer and John P. Dulaney for auditor. Both houses met in joint session today and cast the vote. There was no Republican nominee.

Still No Truce.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 17.—The Republican members of the house and senate met in caucus in Representative hall last night and on the fourth ballot nominated George W. Crane, of Topeka, for state printer. The Populist caucus nominated E. H. Snow on the first ballot. The dual houses adjourned last night without having accomplished anything.

A Fatal Crossing.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Late last night a street car containing six people was run down at the Forty-seventh street crossing of the Rock Island tracks by a locomotive of that road. All the passengers were injured, and one of them will die. This is the same crossing where the construction train of the Fort Wayne road killed four people some days ago.

Two Sailors Suffocated.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Granville Stevenson, second engineer, and Henry Thompson, third engineer of the British steamship Glenbervie, were suffocated on that vessel yesterday. The deaths were caused by the inhalation of the poisonous gas given off by a brazier of charcoal which had been kept burning for the purpose of warming the cabin.

Servant Burned to Death.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Annie Myer, a comely Hungarian girl of 19 years, was burned alive yesterday afternoon at 35 East Forty-seventh street, where she has been employed as a domestic. It is supposed that she went down to the cellar to fix the fire in the furnace, when the gas exploded and the flames set her dress on fire.

Overland on Horseback.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 17.—Gisbert Waescher, of Chicago, arrived here after riding horseback overland from Chicago. It took him ninety-eight days to travel 3,000 miles by the circuitous route he traveled. He rode one horse all the way, and both man and beast finished the long trip in good condition.

Emmet Dalton's Trial.

INDEPENDENCE, KAN., Jan. 17.—The preliminary trial of Emmet Dalton, of Coffeyville, took place here yesterday. He was bound over to the March term.

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

NEW YORK, January 14, 1893.

In connection with the prospects of silver legislation, a report comes from Washington that an attempt is being made to effect a compromise by a return to a coinage of $2,000,000 per month,—the situation existing previous to the present Sherman law. It is not, however, improbable that some such half-way measure be introduced, nor that it might gain considerable support from the numerous party trimmers in Congress. At first sight, such a reduction of the purchases might seem better than continuing the full present amount; but what would be still better would be a suspension of the present Silver Act for at least one year. Nothing short of some such action, until satisfactory international co-operation is secured, can meet the demands of the present exposed situation. It has become a very grave question among competent judges whether we may be able, under certain circumstances, to keep our currency at par in gold, with the present law continued; and it is the misgiving on this point that has caused the recent timidity in the higher financial circles. This doubt is much more pronounced in Europe than among ourselves; and it is not easy to say what derangements in our foreign financial relations might not result from strengthening and perpetuating these doubts. Our press, our leading exponents of financial opinion, and our delegates to the Brussels Conference have given Europe to understand, in very positive terms, that if Europe rejected international free-coinage we should promptly stop our purchases of silver and throw upon other countries the whole onus of our new supplies of the metal. Europe has defied our challenge; and no sooner has the act been done than we begin to talk of doing half of what we have threatened. Such a course would wholly discredit us with the European governments and place us at an incalculable disadvantage in the renewal of negotiations this year agreed upon by the Conference. Moreover, the difference between our professions and our performances could hardly fail to renew the distrust of foreign investors in our securities. For a compromise of the sort suggested would be tantamount to a confession that we have not a body of public sentiment strong enough to protect us against the dangers connected with our silver situation, and our virtuous professions would be treated as merely so much irresponsible brag. The danger would therefore be no trifling one of Europe repeating the process of sending home our securities, under which we have been so severely tried for the last two years. Such a possibility is a matter not to be lightly treated. The same sort of influence has deprived us of one hundred millions of gold since the passage of the Sherman Act; and if we were to continue still winking at the dangers of trifling with silver money, our folly might easily cost us another hundred millions. The situation would thus be made worse at both ends; if we continue to increase our stock of silver and decrease our stock of gold. Until Europe is ready to unite for the maintenance of international free-coinage—the prospect of which seems far from hopeful,—our position before the world must be that of "no more silver," and be as firm as a rock.

One very manifest effect of the Brussels Conference has been to cause European financiers to take a much more serious view of the silver situation, as respecting their own countries; and the main fact conducing to that result appears to have been the plain intimations of our Delegates that, in the event of the Conference failing of any definite result, the United States might be expected to suspend the purchase of silver. The effect of this is seen in a large curtailment of acceptances by the London banks, in connection with England's foreign trade, especially with India. A representative of the Rothschilds, in addressing an influential meeting in London, expressed the fear that, in the event of the United States stopping their purchase of silver, the India Government would find it necessary to abandon the free coinage of silver.

The fact that, largely owing to these causes, the rate of discount in the open market at London is 1¼ per cent. is in favor of the New York money market and ought to tend towards restricting our exports of gold, whilst it may have some connection with the somewhat liberal demand for our securities which still comes from London. The dangerous condition of French politics, and the possibility that the Government of that country might seek a diversion from domestic troubles in a war with Germany, are also possible factors of much importance; which, though they might at first derange our foreign exchanges, yet would ultimately create a demand for our investments; and especially would this be the case should Congress suspend silver purchases. That is the hinge on which, more than on anything else, turns the possibility of serious financial complications in Europe and the certainty of the situation in his country being protected against any serious difficulties.

Fortunately, our own investment market,—barring the "industrial,"—is in a sound and strong position. The supply of good railroad stocks is exceptionally low; few new issues are being put out; and the amount of recent issues and of second and third class railroad stock seeking buyers has rarely been so light. At the same time, the general prosperity of business may be expected to afford the support of a good investment demand. It is mainly owing to these factors that the current raids of the "bears" produce so little effect upon prices and that they are followed by quick reactions.

But notwithstanding these favorable features in the situation, the delicate positor of finances and politics in Europe and the undecided fate of silver in this country give rise to many uncertainties and suggest the wisdom of prudence as applied to large speculative transactions. It is apparent, however, that there will be a buoyant market during next week at least.

HENRY CLEWS.

THE SITUATION OF FRANCE.

The next few days may decide the fate of the French Republic. The Chamber of Deputies assembled again last Tuesday. The programme calls for an immediate transmission to the Chamber of the latest information about the Panama scandal. The effect of the fresh revelations made in consequence of the confession of the younger DELESSEPS and certain other individuals connected with the gigantic scheme of corruption cannot be predicted. What a day may bring forth in the Chamber and the streets of Paris it is impossible to say. It seems probable, however, that the elaborate preparations of the government for suppressing revolt will result in the dispersion of all rioters and would be revolutionists.

The garrison of Paris and its environing forts is numerous enough to form a respectable standing army. The troops massed in and about the most turbulent capital in Europe consists of carefully selected regiments from the country districts. They can be depended upon to perform their full duty in dealing with a Parisian mob; and it is from the mob far more than from monarchical pretenders that danger is to be feared. A large majority of the French people are sincerely attached to the republic. Bonapartism is only a memory. Legitimism, since the Pope withdrew his powerful support from the French Bourbons, is only a name. If the Prince Imperial, who died from Zulu spear thrusts in savage Africa, were alive, or if the remaining adherents of divine right could rally about some resolute and gifted leader, the case might be far different. As it is, the people of France, however enraged they may be at the dishonesty of men who have been high in station in the present government, are not likely to turn for relief to degraded Bourbons or degenerate Bonapartes. The hundreds of thousands of French citizens who invested their hard earned savings in the Panama bubble bear no grudge against the form of government under which France has once more grown strong and prosperous. It is against the guilty officials, not the system of popular rule, that their resentment is directed.

The forces of disorder in Paris are formidable and in an ugly mood. The discontented of every class and kind have been indefatigable during the legislative recess in inciting the Parisian masses to revolt. Their revolutionary manifestoes and bloodthirsty language have produced a certain degree of superficial excitement; but appearances indicate that the great body of industrious Parisians will refuse to become tools of the enemies of social order. The government on whose stability the welfare of France depends, has left nothing undone to assure its own safety. It is ready to meet insurrection with rifle bullets and grapeshot.

POLLYDEEN'S BOUQUET.

BY MRS. S. A. BISBEE

Pollydeen was hopping up and down in the front hall and clapping her hands, while her mother vainly tried to fasten her wrap and pin her collar. Pollydeen was going to Fitchburg to spend a whole month with her cousin Helen—and who that was in her place would not jump for joy, for was not Helen the loveliest of all young ladies, and must not Fitchburg be a paradise if Helen lived there? Pollydeen was going without her mother, too, and to have heard Pollydeen's rejoicing, over this special fact, anyone who didn't know anything about mothers might have supposed that they were the natural enemies of little girls, and that to escape from them was the best thing that could possibly happen. But such a supposition would have done great injustice to Pollydeen, for her elation was only caused by the sort of grown-up feeling that she was to take the journey alone. Her father had business in Fitchburg, and was to take her with him, and at the close of her visit it was expected that Helen would return with her and spend a few weeks at the Highlands, where the Deans lived.

"Come, Pollydeen," said her father, "we must be off or we shall miss our train," whereupon Pollydeen hugged and kissed her mother with such overflowing energy, that when that lady emerged from the embrace, the pin confining her collar was unclasped, and her breakfast cap was tipped to one side. But Pollydeen and her father were off."

Never had the horse-cars moved so slow before, and never had the way into and across the city seemed so long to Pollydeen! And although the houses, trees, and fences flew past so fast that one could scarcely see them, Pollydeen complained that the train was "so lazy." But Mr. Dean, with paternal regard for his own comfort, had stored away a bag of peanuts into one of his pockets, and these soon silenced Pollydeen's complaints and quieted her impatience. And after Mr. Dean had read his paper he went into the smoking-car for a smoke, telling Pollydeen not to stir from her seat until he came back. The next time the train stopped, a tall, fine-looking young man entered the car, and came straight to Pollydeen's seat and saying:—

"Do you want a first class traveling companion, sir?" and sat down beside her without waiting for an answer.

"I've got one, sir, but he's in the smoking car now," replied Pollydeen, looking doubtfully at the stranger.

"Ah! I don't believe he's as fond of little girls as I am, or he would never forsake you for a cigar, said the stranger.

"It isn't a cigar sir; its a meerschaum," amended Pollydeen, "and he's very fond of me, too. Do you like peanuts?" and she held the bag toward her new friend.

"Next to little girls, I adore peanuts," was the reply, as this queer young man helped himself to a liberal supply. "Do you like chips?"

"Some kind of chips, I do," replied Pollydeen cautiously.

"Molasses chips, for instance," suggested the stranger.

"Oh!" murmered Pollydeen, with an expressive smack of her red lips.

Then this most delighted of young men produced from one of his pockets a package of "Murdock's Best," and between the chips and the peanuts the time passed so rapidly, that Pollydeen was wholly surprised and half regretful Fitchburg was reached. She had barely time to induce her new friend to write his name—John Hathaway—with his street and number on the back of one of her own cards, when her father came for her and hurried her out of the car, while she was assuring the young man that she would certainly come and see him.

Great rejoicing took place when Pollydeen reached Cousin Helen's. In the first place, Helen's pet dog, Snip, came bouncing at Pollydeen's toes, and running round and round her, and barking and wagging his tail as if he had never seen her like before. And then Helen came flying down the stairs, and she and Pollydeen rushed at each other, and there was a violent and harmless collision.

"Oh, you precious Pollydeen, what an age it is since I have seen you!" cried Helen.

"You poor darling! How have you borne it?" questioned Pollydeen in all seriousness, and there followed more kisses and embraces in the course of which Pollydeen bumped Helen's nose, and Helen bumped Pollydeen on the eyebrow, and Pollydeen's hat tumbled off, and Helen's beautiful blonde hair fell down and almost hid them from view, and Mrs. Forester, Helen's mother—came in to welcome Pollydeen, but couldn't get a chance to look at her even. Then Helen's big brother came in and recommended that the remains of the two friends should be conveyed up stairs for needful repairs. So Pollydeen gathered up Helen's stray hairpins and ribbons, and Helen picked up Pollydeen's hat, and they chased each other up stairs in a mad frolic without having spoken to any one else.

Pollydeen had been staying in Fitchburg about two weeks, when Helen proposed to give her a party, or a boy and a girl party; as there were several nice little boys among the family friends whom Pollydeen had already met and who ought to be invited.

"Oh, I must invite my railroad friend, exclaimed Pollydeen.

"Who in the world is that," asked Mrs. Forester, taking a mental inventory of railroad officials from directors down to breakmen, and wondering among which class Pollydeen had found a friend.

"Why he is a young man that came to Fitchburg with me," replied Pollydeen. "Papa went off into the smoking car left me, and a real nice young man came and sat with me, and I've got his name on one of my cards, and I promised to go and see him, but I forgot all about it till now."

"Go to see him? Oh, you little innocent!" exclaimed Helen. "But we can't invite young men to our party; we must only invite little boys, you know-"

"Well, he is only a big boy," protested Pollydeen; "that is, he wasn't very much grown up, and he gave me some of his candy and I gave him some of my peanuts, and we tried to see which could eat the fastest."

"I'm afraid he was too big a boy to invite to a children's party," said Helen doubtfully.

"Why, no he wasn't insisted Pollydeen, "I know he would like to come, and perhaps he would bring some molasses chips."

"About how large should you think he might be?" questioned the doubter.

"Oh. about—well he was a little bigger than I am," admitted Pollydeen, whose conscience, though elastic, would not allow her to reduce John Hathaway's six feet to less than her own size!

So among the notes of invitation was written the following:

"Miss Paulina Elizabeth Dean presents her compliments to Mr. John Hathaway, and requests his presence at her garden party at four o'clock afternoon of June 9, at the residence of D. W. Forester, 123 B—Street."

This note John Hathaway, Lawyer, broad-shouldered and six feet in his stockings, found at his boarding place one night on returning from his office. Who Miss Paulina Elizabeth Dean was he had not the remotest idea, and he turned the note over and over and up-side down, as if a change of position might be productive of an explanation. There was nothing at all singular in the fact of a handsome young lawyer having received such a note. Indeed during the few months that he had been located in Fitchburg invitations had poured in upon him. Neither was it especially singular that the name of the sender was unknown to him, in a place where most ladies were strangers to him, and he could not recall the names of the few that he met. The singular part of the affair was that he felt strongly impelled to accept the invitation instead of, as usual, declining. For John Hathaway, pleasant and genial toward his own sex, and attractive to children, was painfully shy in the presence of ladies, and usually shunned general society; though if he could have overcome his timidity few young men could outshine him in any society. For besides being a thoroughly good young man, he had usual mental gifts and attainments which were sure to bring him success in society as well as in his profession. He was not, however, dependent upon his profession, being a young man of good family and large fortune, who had taken up a profession simply because his honest soul despised a life of useless inactivity.

The day before Pollydeen's party, it occurred to John Hathaway that perhaps he ought to send a bouquet to Miss Dean. It seemed to this modest and unsophisticated lawyer that he had somewhere heard that it was the proper thing to do, so he went into a florist's to make a selection. This was new business to our hero, and the great variety of flowers so confused him that he knew not which to select, and finally told the smiling maiden who officiated to make up one "as it should be?"

But after having thus left the matter to her taste, he began to exercise his own by suggesting "wouldn't a few of these pansies look well in it?" and "put a bunch of these carnations if you please," the result of which was a large and gorgeous bouquet. Then just as he paid for the bouquet and turned to leave, he noticed some English violets, which were his favorite flowers; he must send some of those. So he chose a little basket and had a quantity of the violets with sprays of smilax put into it, and, going back triumphant to his office, dispatched the office boy to D. W. Forester's with them all.

The servant who answered the bell took the flowers up to Helen's room where Pollydeen was having her party dress tried on. Helen exclaimed over the violets, and Pollydeen declared "there never was such a splendid bouquet." A card attached to the latter bore the name, Miss Pauline Elizabeth Dean, but not the name of the donor, while the violets bore no mark.

"They must have been sent to you, Helen," said Pollydeen, "for they are just the color of your eyes, and, oh! won't they look lovely in your hair." And she insisted that Helen should keep and wear them. But neither of them could imagine who had sent the flowers.

The next day came and so did the party. Pollydeen had refused Helen's suggestion that a few such flowers from the bouquet as would best suit her dark eyes and brown curls should be fastened at her throat and a small nosegay made for her to carry, but insisted on receiving her little guests with that great bouquet in her hand! But after they had commenced to play games on the lawn she found it very much in her way, yet could not bear to part with it. At the suggestion of one of her little friends she finally tied it to a ribbon and hung it around her neck, but still it was in the way. Then she turned the ribbon around so that the bouquet hung down behind instead of in front, where it proved less troublesome, and it never occurred to her that it was a very unusual way of disposing of a bouquet.

Meantime John Hathaway arrived, and, walking up the path towards the house, found himself confronted by a vision of loveliness—Helen, all in white, with English Violets massed in the square corsage of her dress and dropping from her rich blonde hair, while her violet eyes looked inquiringly at the tall intruder.

"Surely this must be Miss Dean," he thought, "for those are the violets I sent."

"I—I was invited to a party here, I believe, by Miss Dean," explained the embarassed lawyer, handing her his card.

But before she could look at it, Pollydeen had seen him and came tearing down the walk to greet him.

"Oh, I'm so glad you've come!" she cried. "It's my railroad friend, Helen. Have you got any chips in your pocket this time, sir?"

"Not a chip," laughed Mr. Hathaway. So you are Miss Dean; are you?"

"Why, of course I am. Didn't you know my name?"

But at this moment Pollydeen was called and she rushed unceremoniously away, and as she ran that great bouquet was seen bobbing up and down on her back in a manner that was indescribably ludicrous, and Mr. Hathaway and Helen burst into merry laughter, strangers though they were to each other.

"I beg your pardon," said he as soon as he could speak, "but that bouquet was too much for me!"

"And I beg your's, but it was too much for me!" said Helen, and they began laughing again. Then Helen said: "I am Helen Forrester, and Miss Dean is my little cousin."

And Mr. Hathaway said:

"I fear I have made a great blunder."

"It was I who made the blunder," replied Helen. "I sent the invitation, but she told me you were a little larger than herself!"

"Perhaps I am a trifle larger," admitted Mr. Hathaway, and they began to laugh again.

"She said you divided your candy with her," resumed Helen.

"I cannot deny it, said the lawyer, whose shyness seemed to have vanished as if by magic.

"Suppose, since you are here, that you remain and assist me in entertaining the children," suggested Helen.

And he did. And when the party was over the children all declared that it was the nicest one they ever went to.

The next day Mr. Hathaway called to inquire if Pollydeen had been too much fatigued by her party to enjoy a ride, accompanied, of course, by her cousin, Miss Forrester. So the three went to ride.

And during the remainder of Pollydeen's visit it was singular how many rides Mr. Hathaway thought needful for Pollydeen's health, and how many sights there were in the humdrum city of Fitchburg that she must see, and how many concerts that she must attend; and how it was always arranged that Helen should go too.

And when Helen's father and mother and grown-up brother joked about Mr. Hathaway's devotion to Pollydeen, it was always Helen who blushed and tried to turn the conversation. When Pollydeen's visit was ended Helen went home with her, and then it was really remarkable how often Mr. Hathaway's business necessitated a trip to Boston. But perhaps it was not strange that he always went to the Highlands to see his little friend Pollydeen. And certainly her friendship must have had a very beneficial influence on him, for he seems to have lost his shyness entirely, and is very happy in the society of Helen and Pollydeen.

And Helen—now Mrs. Hathaway—says she shall always believe that she owes her husband to Pollydeen's bouquet, for if the ridiculous sight of that bouquet, bobbing up and down on Pollydeen's back as she ran, had not made them both laugh so heartily that they almost forgot they were strangers, she would never have dared to ask him to stay and help her, and he might never have lost his shyness sufficiently to have proposed to her.

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—A dispatch from Rutland, Vt., says: Mrs. Bushey died in the town of Georgia two days ago. She was the oldest woman in Vermont, possibly in the United States, having lived 110 years. A daughter, 80 years of age, and a son of 75 survive. Mrs. Bushey outlived three husbands. At the time of her death her hair was burnished gold color, and her skin as yellow as parchment, free from wrinkles, but tightly drawn over the face.

A RUNAWAY SAW LOG DASHING INTO A SUGAR VALLEY RESIDENCE.

The family of William Rockey in Sugar Valley had a thrilling experience a few days ago, and Mrs. Rockey had a narrow escape from death, all on account of a saw log dashing into their residence. Mr. Rockey lives near the foot of the mountain a short distance west of Loganton, and men were at work hauling and skidding saw logs near the mountain top. In some way or other one of the logs was started down the mountain side in a direct line for Mr. Rockey's house. The hill side is steep, and the speed of the saw log was increased every moment until when it struck the house it was fairly flying through space.

A narrow hallway leads through the house and in the hallway was a cupboard where Mrs. Rockey kept her dishes and other table articles She was in the hall placing dishes in the cupboard when she heard the roar of the rushing saw log as it came tearing down the mountain side, crushing through the underbrush. The men at the top of the hill called loudly for people below to look out, and the lady hearing the noise ran through a door and into an adjoining room just as the saw log struck the side of the house, bursting the door open and dashing into the hallway. The log struck the sill of the house as it passed through the door, tearing out the timber, but stopping its headway considerably. In the hall the big log came in contact with the cupboard at which Mrs. Rockey had been standing a moment before, crushing it to pieces and demolishing dishes and finally came to a standstill before reaching the door on the opposite side of the house.—Lock Haven *Express*.

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HELPING A MAN TO SUICIDE.

It is remarkable how a suicide by a certain method or in a certain place will lead to another of the same kind. A surgeon of the Middlesex hospital, in London, went into a barber shop to be shaved. The barber spoke of a man who had been unsuccessful in an attempt to kill himself by cutting his throat.

"He could easily have managed it," said the surgeon, "had he been acquainted with the situation of the carotid artery."

"Where should he have cut?" asked the barber. The surgeon told him. He at once left the room, and not returning as soon as was expected the surgeon went to look for him and discovered him in the yard with his head nearly served from his body.—Albany Express.

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Alexander Graham Bell and the telephone have been synonymous terms for a dozen years or more. Bell's career presents one of the most remarkable Monte Christo romances in this country of rapid fortune making. Bell was a penniless boy in Edinburg thirty years ago. He came to this country in 1872 and finally became a teacher in a deaf and dumb school in Boston. From boyhood the idea of speech transmission had been an undercurrent of thought with him, and he has frequently said that long before 1890 we would one day speak by telegraph. The telephone was the result of years of patient labor and investigation.—New York Herald.

THE USE AND ABUES OF WHISKEY

This subject could be dwelt upon to a considerable length, and yet much would remain untold, but all agree that the use the proper use of pure rye whiskey is an absolute necessity, especially so nyw, when nature insists upon being stimulated. All regular physicians prescribe rye whiskey, and justly claim that Klein's Silver Age and Duquense whiskies are justly celebrated. They do this not only because they have tried them but because the leading hospitals use them—find them the best stimulants in the world. Silver Age sells for $1.50 and Duquense for $1.25 per full quart. For sale by all dealers and druggists. Ask for them or send to S. Schloss, Williamsport, Pa.

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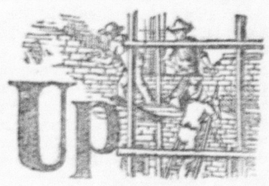

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JURORS DRAWN FOR JANUARY TERM OF COURT AND SPECIAL TERM IN MARCH.

The regular term of court will commence the fourth Monday of January 1893. There will also be a special term commencing the third Monday in March. Below are the names of the men drawn to serve as jurors.

GRAND JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

James M Rider, stone mason	Half Moon
Lawrence Fox, laborer	Harris
Geo. W Hollabaugh, laborer	Spring
Albert Stover, butcher	Bellefonte
Adam Moyer, laborer	Philipsburg
Marius Miner, jeweler	Howard boro
David Spotts, farmer	Worth
M F Rossman, farmer	Potter
Geo W Wise, laborer	Miles
Geo W Lucas, farmer	Philipsburg
Warren E Hosterman, farmer	Haines
Aaron Mallory, miner	Spring
R A Kinsloe, editor	Philipsburg
S H Williams, painter	Bellefonte
Joseph Resides, laborer	Huston
Christ Ellenberger, farmer	Worth
W H McCausland, jeweler	Philipsburg
Jno. F Gill, laborer	Huston
S P Shamp, laborer	Walker
Daniel Smay, laborer	Rush
David Dorman, laborer	Haines
Henry Glossner, laborer	Liberty
Christ Decker, farmer	Walker
E P Siegfried, laborer	Rush

TRAVERSE JURORS—1ST WEEK.

Frank Weber, merchant	Philipsburg
N W Cronemiller, clerk	Bellefonte
John Hines, laborer	Spring
George Decker, laborer	Penn
George Harper, farmer	Ferguson
James W Runkle, farmer	Potter
Chas. Schroyer, fireman	Spring
Wm. Musser, farmer	Haines
W S Loy, farmer	Burnside
Wm Kreamer, farmer	Miles
W Hettinger, farmer	Gregg
Jas. I Delong, merchant	Liberty
W H Kreamer, merchant	Centre Hall
Mordacai Benner, laborer	Benner
S A McQuistion, coach maker	Bellefonte
John Richard, teacher	Rush
Melvin Sowers, laborer	College
Geo. Noll, farmer	Boggs
Geo. W Campbell, farmer	Harris
Cyrus W Hunter, marble cutter	Half Moon
R C Thompson, farmer	Worth
Thos. Askey, laborer	Rush
Irvin G Alexander, farmer	Union
David Bradford, farmer	Potter
Ed. Garman, merchant	Bellefonte
David Keller, gentleman	Harris
Henry Morris, blacksmith	Patton
Henry Mark, farmer	Gregg
Ad. Fauble, merchant	Bellefonte
Peter Lauck, farmer	Ferguson
Geo. L Smith, carpenter	Bellefonte
Adam Vonada, farmer	Miles
E T Tuten, editor	Bellefonte
Wm. Shawley, farmer	Boggs
G G Parke., blacksmith	Philipsburg
Rudolph Schadd, plumber	Spring
James C Gilliland, farmer	College
W R Jenkins, machinist	Bellefonte
A J Sweitzer, machinist	Spring
Daniel Boob, farmer	Liberty
G S Woodring, carpenter	Worth
Miles Hower, merchant	Philipsburg
Sam. Lewin, merchant	Bellefonte
Wesley Biddle, farmer	Patton
M Kerstetter, carpenter	Spring
Henry Beck, clerk	Spring
Cyrus Strictland, gentleman	Bellefonte
A J Tate, farmer	Benner

TRAVERSE JURORS—2ND WEEK.

Wm. Zimmerman, laborer	Burnside
Cyrus Zeigler, farmer	Miles
Hiram Grove, teacher	Gregg
Jessie Whippo, laborer	Worth
Samuel Wilkenson, farmer	Rush
A C Williams, butcher	Liberty
Jno. A Woodward, farmer	Howard
J A Confer, farmer	Boggs
Alf. Hassinger, laborer	Spring
Geo. B Lee, laborer	Potter
Geo. Swab, farmer	Harris
James F Brown, contractor	Unionville
Jas. P Turner, farmer	Huston
Geo. Blackford, restaurant	Bellefonte
R G Goheen, farmer	Ferguson
Frank Bosch, Butcher	Benner
James Lytle, farmer	Half Moon
James Moyer, blacksmith	Potter
R E Hinde, laborer	Haines
Philip Loder, teacher	Howard
David Rossman, laborer	Spring
Joseph Shay, laborer	Howard twp
O B Krebs, merchant	Ferguson
Alfred Keen, farmer	Penn
Wm. Schenck, farmer	Liberty
Wm M Hershey, laborer	Snow Shoe
Paul McCullough, carpenter	Philipsburg
John T Lee, painter	Centre Hall
Adam Smail, farmer	Snow Shoe
Emanuel White, farmer	Spring
Harry Fenlon, clerk	Bellefonte
Harvey Vonada, farmer	Gregg
Thomas M Quick, carpenter	Boggs
Frank Emerick, farmer	Walker
Reuben Kaup, miller	Spring
John W Holmes, laborer	Marion

TRAVERSE JURORS.

drawn for Special Term, beginning on the third Monday of March.

Jonathan Condo, clerk	College
Philip Woodring, shoemaker	Miles
Chas. Garis, mason	Spring
Thos. Schaughency, mill hand	Bellefonte
David Holter, merchant	Howard
Henry Shadow, cabinet maker	Potter
W H Meyer, merchant	Penn
Orrin Vail, farmer	Rush
Arthur Rachau, laborer	Miles
Benjamin Stover, farmer	Gregg
M L Emerick, blacksmith	Centre Hall
Geo. W Spangler, farmer	Potter
Robert Flick, farmer	Union
Wm. Orr, farmer	Marion
M H Spicher, farmer	Potter
John Weaver, farmer	Taylor
Henry Walkey, carpenter	Bellefonte
George Cowher, farmer	Worth
Jas A Smith, laborer	Liberty
Geo Taylor, farmer	Benner
Jacob Bridge, laborer	Marion
Geo F Deer, laborer	Boggs
G H Leyman, farmer	Boggs
J Hettinger, contractor	Ferguson
Luther E Stover, farmer	Haines
Samuel Martz, shoemaker	Ferguson
Ira Gramley laborer	Haines
James Foreman, laborer	Bellefonte
Wm Mulbarger, farmer	College
T P Seibring, farmer	Half Moon
Luke Styers, laborer	Haines
A S Swartz, farmer	Spring
James A Ott, laborer	Spring
S D Miller, printer	Millheim
D K Tate, architect	Bellefonte
Warren Dillen, carpenter	Philipsburg

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

Drunkenness, or the Liquor Habbit Positively Cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It is manufactured as a powder, which can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee or tea, or in food, without the knowl edge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed.

48 page book of particulars free. Address Golden Specific Co., Race St., Cincinnati, O.

A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

Interesting Ancient History of the County of Lycoming.

The territory embraced within the limits of Lycoming county originally belonged to Berks, which was erected March 11, 1752. The West Branch valley was then heavily timbered with pine and hemlock, and the streams were much larger than they are today. There has been much dicussion regarding the aboriginal inhabitants of the valley. It has been contended that a superior race dwelt here, and they have been called the Andastes. This tribe dwelt in the valley of the Susquehanna as early as 1620, but little is known of them. Different writers have called them Susquehannocks, Minquas and Conesogos. In 1750 a Cayuga Indian said a tribe called Tehatochse was driven out of this valley. The Andastes were it is believed, the most populous, powerful and warlike of all the Algeoquin tribes, and for a century they waged unceasing war with the Froquois, by which the whole vally of the Susquehanna was stained with blood. Conrad Weiser, who made his first journey up the West branch in 1737, describes an Indian fortification at Wolf run, which in his opinion "had been deserted beyond the memory of man." The Andastes, or Susquehannocks, were nearly exterminated, prior to 1660, by the Mohawks, in a war which lasted ten years, and in 1672 they numbered but 300 warriors, who finally became extinct, and were succeeded by a family of which one tribe was the Monseys, or Wolfs, who in their turn, about 1750. were driven out and went west of the Ohio river.

THE FIRST WHITE MAN.

Etienne Brule, interpreter and guide to Champlain, the French governor of Canada, is believed to have been the first white man who appeared in this valley. In 1615, with twelve Indians, he visited the Andastes to urge them to send 500 warriors to aid the French to fight the Iroquois. He was captured by the Iroquois en route, and it was three years before Champlain saw him again. He described a village of the Andastes of about 4,000 souls on the upper waters of the Susquehanna. Whether he visited the north or west branch is not known. In March, 1737, Conrad Weiser, accompanied by the famous Indian chief, Shikellimy, afterwards vice king of the Six Nations at Shamokin, two other Indians and a German, reached Muncy creek, which they crossed at a high flood, in a canoe, afterward going up Lycoming creek, and as far as Ralston.

THE TABLES TURNED.

"When the Chinese first began to overrun California, the laboring men felt about their occupation much as Othello did, and failed to extend to the Celestials that courtesy which the youngest should extend to the oldest civilization on earth," said Chang Lee, the bright eyed Mongolian secretary to a San Francisco capitalist.

"They used to abuse us terribly. A favorite amusement of theirs was to catch us by the cues and drag us about. We are not fighters, and, being in a strange land, we could do no better than quietly put up with it and hope that our tormentors would become ashamed and let us alone. A lot of us were employed to grade a railroad, and the American workmen used to invade our camp at night and abuse us shamefully.

"One day a big Irishman named O'Fallon come to see us and told us if we would give him fifty dollars he would make our tormentors wish they had never seen a Chinese camp. We agreed, and he stained his face, shaved his head, put on a Chinese costume and waited for our visitors. They called that night as usual, and O'Fallon took care to be the first 'Chinaman' they tackled. He had been a prize fighter, and the men used to say that he could kill a bull with his fist. About a dozen got around and began to kick and cuff him before he made a motion. Then he turned loose, and the way he laid that crowd out was fine sport to witness. He cleaned out the whole lot, and the nocturnal visits were discontinued."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE reported persecution of wealthy Hebrews in Pike county, Miss., reads like a story from Russia. Negroes driven from Hebrew plantations, houses burned, armed guards protecting the owners! No wonder labor is demoralized and real estate is a drug on the market. No wonder, the report adds, that capital fears to entrust itself to such protection.

CURE YOURSELF.

Don't pay large doctor's bills. The best medical book published, 100 pages, elegant colored plates, will be sent you on receipt of three 2-cent stamps to pay postage. Address A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston. Mass.

FOUGHT TO SAVE A BOY.

A Fierce Mastiff Shows Timely Affection for Her Master's Child.

GUTHRIE, Okla., January 10.—A butcher named Maz, in the western part of the county, has two large mastiffs, a male and a female, both fierce, though the female has always evinced a liking for Maz's seven-year-old son.

While the boy was alone in the yard Monday the male dog suddenly attacked him, biting him in the arm and side. The boy screamed, but nobody was near, and he would have been killed had not the female dog attacked her companion and pulled him away.

The boy ran for the house, but the savage dog again caught him and threw him down. The friendly canine once more went to the rescue and, grabbing the male dog by the throat with her teeth, threw him down and held him until the boy got safely into the house.

The boy's injuries are not serious, but he had a narrow escape from a horrible death.

AN ENEMY BAFFLED.

There is an enemy with whom thousands are familiar all their lives, because they are born with a tendency to billiousness. With this enemy they are constantly battling with ineffectual weapons. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will baffle it. Mere purgatives will not reform a disordered condition of the liver indicated, not by constipation alone, but also by sick headaches, yellowness of the skin and eye balls, nausea, furred tongue and uneasiness, more particularly upon pressure on the right side, upon and below the short ribs. Avoid drastic purgatives which gripe and weaken the intestines, and substitute this world-famous anti-billious cordial, which likewise removes malarial, stomachic and kidney complaints, rheumatism and nervousness. As a laxative of the bowels, painless but effectual, it improves appetite, sleep and the ability to digest, and possesses the additional advantage of a standard tonic.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

A QUEER PROPOSITION.

How could two persons be born at the same time and die at the same time at the end of fifty years, and yet one of them live 100 days more than the other.

The answer turns upon the familiar fact that a person who goes around the world toward the west loses a day, while the person who travels in the opposite direction gains a day.

We will suppose, then, that the two men in question were born at the same instant in Dublin, from whence a trip around the world may easily be made once a year. One of them goes always toward the west, the other toward the east. One loses a day every year, the other gains a day every year.

When the men die at fifty years of age the one has seen 100 days more than the other.—London Tit-Bits.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.

LYDIA E.

PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Is a positive cure for all those painful

Ailments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life*. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either sex* the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills, 25c., cure Biliousness, Constipation, and Torpid Liver. By mail, or of druggists.

All druggists sell the Vegetable Compound, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. *Correspondence freely answered.*

You can address in strictest confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

The plague of breaking lamp-chimneys is abroad in the land. There are two sorts of chimneys; brittle and tough. Ninety-nine in a hundred are brittle. The worst are imported from Germany. The best are Macbeth's "Pearl-top" & "Pearl-glass." Two sorts as to workmanship; fine and coarse. The fine are Macbeth's "Pearl-top" and "Pearl-glass." The coarse are rough and out of proportion; misfits and misshapen; they do not make a good draft; they smoke.

Two sorts as to glass; transparent and gray. "Pearl-top" and "Pearl-glass" are clear, fine and tough—not tough against accident—tough against heat.

Call for "Pearl-top" or "Pearl-glass" chimneys.

Pittsburgh, Pa, GEO. A. MACBETH & Co.

may 27-1y

FAT FOLKS REDUCED From 15 to 25 lbs. per month by harmless herbal remedies that do not injure the health or interfere with one's business or pleasure. It builds up and improves the general health, clears the skin and beautifies the complexion. No wrinkles or flabbiness follow this treatment. Endorsed by physicians and leading society ladies. PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL. CONFIDENTIAL. Harmless. No Starving. Send 6 cents in stamps for particulars to DR. O. W. F. SNYDER, M'VICKER'S THEATER, CHICAGO, ILL.

WE WANT YOU

to act as our agent. We furnish an expensive outfit and all you need free. It costs nothing to try the business. We will treat you well, and help you to earn ten times ordinary wages. Both sexes of all ages can live at home and work in spare time, or all the time. Any one any where can earn a great deal of money. Many have made Two Hundred Dollars a Month. No class of people in the world are making so much money without capital as those at work for us. Business pleasant, strictly honorable, and pays better than any other offered to agents. You have a clear field, with no competition. We equip you with everything, and supply printed directions for beginners which, if obeyed faithfully, will bring more money than will any other business. Improve your prospects! Why not? You can do so easily and surely at work for us. Reasonable industry only necessary for absolute success. Pamphlet circular giving every particular is sent free to all. Delay not in sending for it.

GEORGE STINSON & CO.,
Box No. 488, Portland, Me.

FAVORITE SINGER!

Warranted for Five Years.

LOW ARM ONLY $20

HIGH ARM $25.00.

OUR FAVORITE SINGER

Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers

Sent on trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for Circulars and Testimonials.

Co-Operative Sewing Machine Company,
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LAFAYETTE COLLEGE,

EASTON, PA.

Seven courses in Arts, Philosophy and Science, Civil, Mining and Electrical Engineering, and Chemistry. Annual Commencement, June 29th. Fall term begins September 15th. For Catalogue, address

THE REGISTRAR, Easton, Pa.

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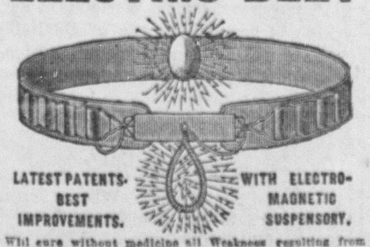
ELECTRIC BELT



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Will cure without medicine all Weakness resulting from overtaxation of brain, nerve forces, excesses or indiscretion, as sexual exhaustion, drains, losses, nervous debility, sleeplessness, languor, rheumatism, kidney, liver and bladder complaints, lame back, lumbago, sciatica, general ill-health, etc. This electric belt contains Wonderful Improvements over all others, and gives a current that is instantly felt by the wearer or we forfeit $5,000.00, and will cure all of the above diseases or no pay. Thousands have been cured by this marvelous invention after all other remedies failed, and we give hundreds of testimonials in this and every other state.

Our powerful improved ELECTRIC SUSPENSORY is the greatest boon ever offered weak men; FREE WITHALL BELTS. Health and Vigorous Strength GUARANTEED in 60 to 90 DAYS. Send for large illustrated pamphlets, sealed, free by mail. Address

SANDEN ELECTRIC CO.,
No. 819 Broadway, NEW YORK.

RAILROADS

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, Nov. 16, 1891.

STATIONS	Dis	Westward A.M	A.M	P.M
LOCK HAVEN		4 40	9 15	4 20
Flemington—f	1.8	4 43	9 18	4 23
Mill Hall	3.0	4 46	9 21	4 26
Beech Creek	8.3	4 56	9 33	4 38
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 59	9 36	4 40
Howard	14.5	5 07	9 44	4 49
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 14	9 58	4 55
Curtin	19.9	5 18	9 01	5 02
Milesburg	23.5	5 25	10 11	5 19
BELLEFONTE	25.2	5 35	10 25	5 30
Milesburg	25.5	5 45	10 35	5 30
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	5 46	10 40	5 39
Unionville	28.5	5 55	10 48	5 41
Julian	32.9	5 05	10 59	5 50
Martha	37.0	6 13	11 26	5 59
Port Matilda	40.4	6 21	1129	6 06
Hannah—f	43.7	6 28	11 [illegible]	6 13
Fowler—f	45.0	6 30	11 49	6 15
Dix—f	46.3	6 33	11 52	6 12
Bald Eagle	49.3	6 40	11 38	6 25
Vail	51.2	6 44	11 43	6 29
East Tyrone	53.0	6 48	11 48	6 33
TYRONE	54.3	6 55	11 55	6 40

STATIONS	Dis	Eastward A.M	P.M	P.M.
TYRONE		7 55	3 10	7 25
East Tyrone	1.3	8 02	8 17	7 3
Vail	3.1	8 05	3 20	7 7
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 10	3 24	7 46
Dix—f	8.0	8 15	3 30	7 41
Fowler—f	9.3	8 17	3 33	7 50
Hannah—f	10.6	8 21	3 37	7 54
Port Matilda	13.9	8 28	3 44	8 01
Martha	17.3	8 36	3 52	8 10
Julian	21.4	8 44	4 01	8 29
Unionville	25.8	8 55	4 19	8 39
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 03	4 17	8 49
Milesburg	30.8	9 07	4 20	8 44
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 17	4 30	8 04
Milesburg	30.8	9 32	4 40	9 13
Curtin	34.4	9 46	4 47	9 19
Mt Eagle—f	36.6	9 51	4 55	9 28
Howard	39.8	10 01	5 02	9 28
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 15	5 10	9 49
Beech Creek	45.0	10 20	5 13	9 [illegible]
Mill Hall	51.3	10 38	5 24	10 05
Flemington	52.5	10 28	5 27	10 20
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	10 45	5 33	10 [illegible]

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect Dec. 14th, 1890.

Westward P.M	A.M	Stations	Dis.	Eastward A.M	P.M
5 05	7 31	SCOTIA	25.6	9 21	4 47
5 25	10 21	5.3 Fairbrook	20.3	9 09	4 27
5 37	10 28	8.7 Penna. Furnace	16.9	8 56	4 18
5 44	10 34	10.6 Hostler f	15.0	8 50	4 08
5 50	10 46	12.3 Marengo f	13.3	8 43	4 01
5 57	10 52	13.5 Loverille f	12.1	8 37	3 55
6 04	10 58	15.2 Furnace Road f	10.4	8 31	3 49
6 08	11 02	15.8 Dungarvin f	9.8	8 27	3 46
6 18	11 10	16.2 Warriors Mark	7.4	8 19	3 [illegible]
6 28	11 20	20.5 Pennington	5.1	8 10	3 30
6 40	11 32	23.5 Stover	2.1	7 [illegible]	3 1
6 59	11 40	25.6 TYRONE		7 50	3 1

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD.—Time Table, Nov. 24 1890.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.45 a m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 10.30 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 12.10 a m.
Leaves Snow Shoe at 3.00 p m arrives at Bellefonte at 4.50 p m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 5.25 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 7.00 p m.

C. S. BLAIR, General Supt.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 24th, 1890

Dis.	Westward				Eastward		
	a.m.	p.m.			a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
.0	5.50	2.15		MONTANION	5.30	9.20	5.45
1.5	6.18	2.25	Ar.	LEWISBURG	5.20	9.10	5.38
1.5	6.15	2.25	Lv.	LEWISBURG	Ar	9.10	5.35
5.4	6.30	2.35		Biehl f		9.00	5.24
6.8	6.35	2.40		Vicksburg f		8.52	5.20
10.7	6.45	2.50		MIFFLINBURG		8.42	5.10
13.1	6.52	2.57		Barber f		8.36	5.04
15.2	6.58	3.03		Swengle f		8.30	4.43
16.1	7.00	3.05		Millmont		8.27	4.2
18.6	7.08	3.14		LAURELTON		8.17	4.0
23.5	7.19	3.25		Pardee f		8.06	4.5
28.9	7.28	3.35		Cherry Run f		7.58	4.2
32.2	7.43	3.48		Paddy Mt. Tunnel f		7.48	4.12
33.9	7.48	3.54		Ingleby f		7.39	4.07
36.6	7.53	4.00		Coburn		7.29	4.00
39.6	8.01	4.08		Derby f		7.21	3.52
43.4	8.10	4.17		Rising Springs		7.12	3.43
46.2	8.18	4.25		Penn's Cave f		7.05	3.37
49.2	8.24	4.30		CENTRE HALL		6.58	3.28
51.6	8.32	4.37		Gregg f		6.51	3.23
54.6	8.37	4.43		Linden Hall		6.46	3.16
56.7	8.42	4.48		OAK HALL		6.38	3.11
58.8	8.46	4.52		LEMONT		6.34	
60.2	8.51	4.57		Dale Summit f		6.29	
63.5	9.00	5.06		Pleasant Gap f		6.19	
65.2	9.04	5.10		Axeman f		6.15	
67.4	9.10	5.15		BELLEFONTE		6.58	2.45

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, April 4th, 1892, trains will run as follows, leaving the Pennsylvania Railroad station.

EASTWARD						WESTWARD					
12	10	8	1	2		1	3	7	9	11	
pm	pm	pm	am	am	Ar—Lv	am	am	pm	pm	pm	
6 25		3 50		9 05	Bellefont	6 30		10 50		4 40	
6 28		3 44		8 59	Coleville	6 37		10 35		4 45	
6 25		3 41		8 56	Morris	6 40		10 28		4 48	
6 22		3 38		8 52	Whitmer	6 44		10 43		4 51	
6 19		3 35		8 49	Linns	6 47		10 46		4 54	
6 17		3 33		8 47	Hunters	6 50		10 48		4 56	
6 14		3 31		8 44	Fillmore	6 53		10 52		5 00	
6 11		3 28		8 40	Sellers	6 57		10 56		5 03	
6 09		3 26		8 38	Briarly	7 00		10 58		5 05	
6 05	6 00	3 23	8 25	8 36	Waddle	7 05	7 10	11 01	5 10	5 10	
6 02	5 50	3 20	8 20	8 30	Mattern J	7 08	7 14	11 03	5 13	5 12	
	5 46		8 17		Graysdale	7 19		5 16			
	5 43		8 12		Mattern	7 24		5 20			
	5 40		8 05		Stormstown	7 29		5 23			
	5 35		8 00		Red Bank	7 35		5 30			
5 51		3 08		8 18	Krumrine	7 21		11 13		5 24	
5 48		3 05		8 14	Struble	7 24		11 17		5 27	
5 45		3 00		8 10	St. College	7 30		11

Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	$ 12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash. EDWARD T. TUTEN.

PREMIER SATOLLI'S POWERS.

They Will Not Be Known Until the Papal Bull Arrives.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Bishop Keane was interviewed relative to the appointment of Archbishop Satolli as apostolic delegate for America. In reply to a question as to the duties and powers of Mgr. Satolli, Bishop Keane said: "Mgr. Satolli will hardly know the scope of his powers until he receives his instructions from the holy see. We may presume that his duties will be of a purely ecclesiastical nature."

"Will not the establishment of the apostolic delegation be similar to that of a foreign legation?"

"To a certain extent it will. Bishop Satolli will be the recognized representative of the holy father, and he may establish his headquarters in Washington or in Baltimore. The establishment of the apostolic delegation has been in contemplation for some time, and Leo XIII has not taken the step without careful consideration. Some of the American bishops have undoubtedly objected to it, because they prefer to correspond directly with the holy father at Rome. Mgr. Satolli will confine himself to matters relating to the church."

Bishop Keane brought the interview to a close with the remark that the pending controversy will be settled without any friction so far as the church in America is concerned, for these questions are mere episodes.

FOURTEEN NEW CARDINALS.

But the Pope Does Not Give Another Red Cap to America.

ROME, Jan. 17.—The pope created fourteen cardinals at the consistory Monday, the list not including any Americans. Archbishop Vaughan, of Westminster, was elevated to the cardinalate; also Archbishop Logue, primate of Ireland. Archbishop Krementz, of Cologne; Prince Archbishop Kopp, of Breslau; Mgr. Mocenni, papal under secretary of state; Mgr. Persico, secretary of the propaganda, and others—there being in all six Italian cardinals, two French cardinals, two Prussian, one English (Vaughan), one Irish (Logue), one Hungarian and one Spanish cardinal.

Pope Leo in his allocution thanked God for having preserved him to celebrate his episcopal jubilee. This event, the pope said, would be regarded by men as a sign of the divine protection extended over the church in these calamitous days through the preservation of the life of the supreme pontiff.

The pope announced, in addition to the cardinals named, the creation of two cardinals reserved. They are believed to be Heinhuber and a French bishop.

Suffering in the South.

MEMPHIS, Jan. 17.—Never in the history of the central south has there been so much suffering from cold weather as at present. All rivers have been blocked with ice and snow, rendering passage over them impossible. Many trains are late, and some have been abandoned by their suffering crews. The most intense suffering is prevalent among mountain people. The snow is from ten inches to three feet deep in eastern Tennessee, western North Carolina and eastern Kentucky, and all kinds of labor has been suspended.

George R. Graham Dying.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 17.—George R. Graham, aged eighty-six, the founder of Graham's Magazine, is ill at the Memorial hospital, at Orange, and his death is expected at any moment. Mr. Graham has been an inmate of the hospital for several years, his board being paid by George W. Childs, of the Philadelphia Ledger. At one time Mr. Graham was worth between $200,000 and $300,000, but lost his money in wild speculation.

Winter Cholera Raging.

PLYMOUTH, Pa., Jan. 17.—This and the surrounding towns of Kingston, Avondale, Larksville, Edwardsville and Luzerne are just now passing through a siege of what the physicians diagnose as winter cholera. There are hundreds of cases, some fatal. The disease seems to be on the increase, and the physicians are kept busy night and day.

Suffering in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—This city is threatened with a coal famine if the present arctic rigor continues. Not only will much suffering ensue among the poorer classes, but many large factories will be compelled to shut down for want of fuel, throwing thousands of poor persons out of employment.

Goddard Had Better Look Out.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 17.—John L. Sullivan says that, although he has retired from the ring, when he meets Goddard he will show him that he is no third rate fighter, and there will be no articles of agreement either.

Thanked by the Pope.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Rev. Dr. Bouquillon, of the faculty of theology of the Catholic university, has received a letter from the pope thanking him and the faculty for their good will and their reception of Mgr. Satolli.

A Clerical Parricide.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 17.—Pedro Paula Pool, a Catholic priest of Vera Cruz, has been sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of his brother, Jose Dobres Pool, a well known merchant of that city.

The Secret of Success.

Great Fortunes Rising Like Monuments.

HOW MILLIONAIRES SUCCEED IN PILING UP ENORMOUS WEALTH

Not Difficult for Anyone to Follow Their Example.

It is popularly supposed that a few men like Gould, Vanderbilt and Astor represent the rich men of the country.

This is a great mistake. There are thousands upon thousands of millionaires, men so rich that they cannot possibly spend the interest upon their vast accumulations Every city, every town, every community has them; it is they who represent the wealth of our country, on account of their numbers.

Now if so many men succeed, what is the true secret of that success?

Two words answer—energy and health.

Any man of indomitable energy and perseverance who is well can succeed.

Ah, there is the rub—*who is well?*

Men have the energy and ability to succeed, but they do not possess the requisite health—that strength of the nerves, vigor of the mind and endurance and tirelessness which alone make men succeed.

They feel languid, even weak at times and lack snap and ambition; they know they have the necessary ability, but their energies need rousing. In some cases the stomach, liver and bowels are at fault, or possibly the kidneys are out of order. Nine times out of ten, however, it is lack of nerve strength, nerve vigor, and nerve power.

Numberless men who have ample vigor at first break down in health from the excessive strain upon their nervous and physical systems, as did the well-known S W. Nourse, Esq., of Hudson, Mass. He strikes the key note of the difficulty, and his advice, if followed, will put men on the sure road to wealth.

MR. S. W. NOURSE, ESQ.

"From constant worry over business matters," he said, "I suffered from the loss of sleep, and became so nervous that I was entirely unfitted for my busines. In fact, I fearec insanity. I used Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. The effect was almost magical. I could again sleep, mental composure, appetite and strength returned. Six bottles of this remedy cured me, and I have remained well to this date. I have recommended Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to many of my friends and neighbors, and have yet to learn of a failure to obtain good results."

Nothing more need be said. Get your health and you will stand every chance of succeeding in life. If you are nol well, if you do not feel just right, if you lack the vim, energy and strength to take hold of your work, by all means use the wonderful remedy which restored Mr. Nourse to health and power.

You can procure it at any druggist's for $1, and we would say also that it is a purely vegetable and harmless remedy, used and fully endorsed by physicians—in fact it is the discovery of the eminent physician. Dr. Greene, of 35 W. 14th Street, N. Y., who has made himself famous throughout the United States by his marvellous cures of nervous and chronic diseases and by giving advice free to those who consult him or write to him.

I suffered from acute inflammation in my nose and hea:—for a week at a time I could not see. I used Ely's Cream Balm and in a few days I was cured It is wonderful how quick it helped me.—Mrs. Georgie S. Judson, Hartford, Conn.

For three weeks I was suffering from a severe cold in my head, accompanied by a pain in my temples. Ely's Cream Balm was recommended to me. After only six applications of the Balm every trace of my cold was removed.—Henry C. Clark, New York Appraiser's Office.

For cough and cold it has no equal. Mr. A. P. Jesperson Irvine, Warren Co., Pa., writes: "I bought a bottle of Dr Bull's Cough Syrup and can recommend it highly. I had a very bad cough and it cured me at once."

JUST MARRIED.

How loving they are; this is always a sure sign. After the first five years sometimes it don't hold good. When Charlie comes home to you grounty and cross. snapping and snarling, unable to relish the nice dinner you have cooked, and feels as if there was a ton of pig iron in his stomach, he is troubled with dyspepsia, and Sulphur Bitters is the only medicine that will cure him.

To all whom it may concern—A sprain of the wrist or ankles is not an uncommon occurrence. It is well to know that a few applications of Salvation Oil well rubbed in will invariably produce the desired result—an entire cure. 25 cents.

HILL WILL SUPPORT CLEVELAND.

He Says It Would Be Absurd to Oppose the President.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The Herald prints a Washington special giving an interview had by its correspondent with Senator David B. Hill, in which the senator says that Mr. Cleveland, as president, will have no trouble with the opposition. Mr. Hill says the assumption that any combination will be made to oppose Mr. Cleveland or his nominations for cabinet or other positions is absurd.

"The presumption," said Senator Hill, "that there would be a combination between Senator Murphy and myself is preposterous. Mr. Cleveland has been elected president by the Democratic party, and as Democrats both Senator Murphy and myself are obliged to support him whether we want to or not."

This admission on the part of Mr. Hill is an important one. It indicates quite clearly the future policy of the alleged Hill element in the United States senate and disposes effectually of all rumor that Senator Hill and his colleague from New York in the senate would make a combination to defeat any nominations which might be sent in by President Cleveland.

Carlisle Undecided.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Senator Carlisle says he has not yet decided about entering Mr. Cleveland's cabinet.

BUTLER IN THE TOMB.

The Funeral Was the Greatest Event Lowell Has Ever Witnessed.

LOWELL, Mass., Jan. 17.—General Benjamin F. Butler was buried here with all the honors that the city and state could bestow.

A distinguished audience witnessed the ceremonies, and almost every man of note in the state from Governor Russell and his staff down was present and followed the casket to the grave.

The funeral was the greatest event Lowell has ever seen. The militia, the visiting dignitaries, Grand Army posts and about every local society swelled the funeral procession to enormous proportions.

The Irish Home Rule Bill.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The Chronicle says it hears that the new Irish home rule bill was drafted by the Right Hon. James Bryce, chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, and that Mr. Gladstone gave Mr. Bryce a seat in the cabinet for the very purpose of drafting the bill.

A Great Jump Down Hill.

RED WING, Minn., Jan. 17.—Thorger Hamnestevedt jumped 103 feet with a perpendicular fall of 63 feet on skis, beating the world's record.

A Big Cotton Blaze.

WARSAW, Jan. 17.—The cotton mill at Ozarkoff, one of the largest in the empire, has been destroyed by fire.

Bishop McLachlan Dead.

EDINBURGH, Jan. 17.—The Right Rev. John McLachlan, Roman Catholic bishop of Galloway, is dead.

Plainfield Shaken.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Jan. 17.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt in this place.

The Weather.

The indications are for fair and slightly warmer weather.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Money on call loaned easy at 3@4 per cent. Exchange steady. Posted rates, $4.87@4.89; actual rates, $4.86@4.86¼ for sixty days and $4.88@4.88¼ for demand. Governments steady. Currency 6s, 105 bid; coupons 4s, 113¾ bid; extended 2s, registered, 100 bid.

Trading on the Stock exchange this morning was on an enormous scale at times, and some large amounts of stocks changed hands. The principal features of the trading were Whisky trust and Manhattan Elevated. The latter made some wide fluctuations. In the first hour it advanced from 168½, the opening price, to 171, but subsequently lost a part of the improvement. The heaviest dealings, however, were in Whisky trust. That speculative was very strong and advanced 2 per cent. in the first hour. The general market was very strong, and in the hour had advanced ¼ to 1½ per cent. In the second hour of business the coal shares came suddenly to the front, especially New Jersey Central and Lackawanna, both of which were heavily dealt in and were very strong. The best prices of the morning were generally current midday. Manhattan was a noticeable exception, being down about 1½ per cent. from the top figure of the morning. At the close the market was not so active, but prices continue firm for most of the list.

Closing quotations:

Atchison	26¼	N. J. Central	130
Bur. & Quincy	102¾	North American	11¾
C., C., C. & St. L.	58¾	Northern Pacific.	16½
Chesap'ke & Ohio.	23½	Do. pref.	47½
Chicago Gas	90½	N. Y. Central	109¾
Cordage	13¾	Omaha	51¼
Cotton Oil	46¼	Ontario & West	19
Del. & Hud	135¼	Pacific Mail	27
Distillers' Trust	57¼	Reading	52
Erie	25¾	Richmond Term'l.	9½
General Electric	113½	Rock Island	87⅝
Hocking Valley	31¼	Silver Bullion	88¾
Lackawanna	153¾	St. Paul	80⅝
Lake Shore	130½	Sugar Refinery	121¼
Lead	47¼	Texas Pacific	10¼
Louisville & Nash.	73¾	Union Pacific	41⅝
Missouri Pacific	59¼	Wabash pref.	25⅞
Northwestern	113¾	Western Union	98⅝
New England	50¾		

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—COTTON—Spot steady; middling uplands, 9⅝c. Futures steady; February, 9.26c.; March, 9.36c.; April, 9.44c.; May, 9.52c.

FLOUR—Firm; city mill patents, $4.35@4.50; fine spring, $1.70@1.90; superfine spring, $2.10@2.20.

WHEAT—Receipts, 35,650 bushels; No. 2 red winter, January, at 81¼c.; February, 82¾c.; March, 83¾c.; May, 85¾c.

CORN—Receipts, 24,000 bushels; shipments, 59,989 bushels; No. 2 mixed, January, 53¼c.; February, 53⅝c.; May, 54¾c.

OATS—Receipts, 84,000 bushels; shipments, 50 bushels; No. 2 mixed, February, 39¾c.; May, 40¼c.

RYE—In light request; quoted at 58@66c. in carlots.

BARLEY—Dull; two rowed state, 65@70c.; six rowed state, 70@80c.

MOLASSES—Quiet; New Orleans, common, 12@15c.

SUGAR—Refined quiet; cut loaf and crushed, 5.31@5¼c.; granulated, extra fine, 4.81@5c.; cubes, 4.94@5¼c.; mold A, 4.94@5⅛c.

COFFEE—Spot lots steady; fair cargoes of Rio, No. 7, 17c.

RICE—Nominally unchanged.

PORK—Dull and unchanged; old mess, $17.50@17.75; new mess, $18.25@18.75.

LARD—Dull and nominal.

BUTTER—Dull, with holders firm; creamery, state tubs, fall made, best, 30c.; western separator extras, 34c.

CHEESE—Quiet, but steady; state factory, fall made, white fancy, 11¾@11¾c.

EGGS—Fairly active and firm; state, fresh, choice, 35c.; western, fresh, 35c.

TURPENTINE—Dull, but steady; quoted at 34@34½c.

ROSIN—Quiet; strained to good, $1.30@1.32½.

PETROLEUM—Quiet at previous prices.

FOUR YEARS OF DEMOCRATIC RULES.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE, issues its prospectus for 1893, with undiminished confidence in the final triumph of Republican principle. A newspaper, even greater than it was in Horace Greeley's time, THE TRIBUNE will strike sturdier blows than ever for the economical and financial policies, which have always seemed to the Republican party the best for the country at large. That clean, high minded and sterling paper occupies a field entirely its own. Its Weekly and Semi-Weekly editions are especially edited for the country at large, and circulate in every nook and corner of the United States. THE TRIBUNE is not controlled by Wall Street. It is a frank, fearless, aggressive fighter, conceding that which is commendable in opponents, but demanding that the Republican side be heard, and that the truth be spoken in all discussions. The character of THE TRIBUNE as a champion, was well exemplified by its instant acceptance of the challenge of the N. Y. *World* last winter, to a Tariff Debate, from which debate, however, *The World* instantly withdrew, when THE TRIBUNE stipulated that both parties should "speak the truth." New features are promised for the coming year, and Roswell G. Horr will continue to write for the paper. THE TRIBUNE made a splendid campaign this pass year. It was at work long before the nominations were made or the National and State Committees organized, and its magnificent work is seen in the results in the localities in which it was especially circulated. THE TRIBUNE and Mr. Reid's services to the Farmers, aided directly to hold certain Republican States and countries, in the Republican column. Where THE TRIBUNE was not circulated, there was Republican loss. THE TRIBUNE'S motto is the truth, and it presents the Republican view with remarkable force and courage. It is one of the few metropolitan newspapers, whose decency and cleanliness make it safe to admit into a family. THE TRIBUNE continues its war stories and soldier's gossip, and promises brilliant attractive new features for 1893. Every Republican should have THE TRIBUNE. An illustrated Premium catalogue and specimen copies are sent free to applicants.

LETTER LIST

Following are the letters uncalled for in the post-office, Bellefonte, Pa., Jan, 16, 1893

Ardery Waller, Miss Bright, Dr. C. Irwin, Katie Musser, Isaiah Pearson, W. V. Walsh.

When called for please say advertised.

J. A. FIEDLER, P. M.

—They say that Curtin township has no tax collector and has not had one for a year and that it was the duty of the county commissioners to have appointed one but that they did not attend to that duty. Now if they will exonerate Curtin township from paying taxes perhaps those people will be satisfied, but if they insist upon their paying extra perhaps they will kick and who could blame them.

—It may be well for the township and borough auditors to look a little out about tickets for the Spring elections. There is no office in the county that has in stock the paper that is required for this work and will not want to purchase it until they know that they will have the orders for it. If this business is left until the last moment there may be difficulty in getting the work done in time.

—Mr. and Mrs. Reeder gave a party on last Monday night in honor of the Misses Hinkley and Lambert, who are guests of Mrs. D. H. Hastings. Charles Cruse furnished music for the dancing. A bounteous supper was served. Mr. and Mrs. Reeder are liberal entertainers.

MRS. O. N. NOURSE.

A MARVEL OF HEALING

IN THE

Green Mountain State!

GROTON, VT.,

DANA SARSAPARILLA CO.,

Gentlemen:—I wish to add my testimonial for the benefit I have received by the use of your **THE** SARSAPARILLA. My back was so **lame** that **I had to crawl up stairs** on my hands and knees for more than three months—had a

TERRIBLE BURNING SENSATION

in my stomach—had **no appetite—KIND could not sleep nights** nor turn over in bed without help—tried almost everything that I heard of without any good results. At last I tried DANA'S SARSAPARILLA. Had not taken **more than half of one bottle** before I began to feel better, and by the time that **THAT** I had taken one bottle

I FELT ENTIRELY WELL.

I have taken two bottles, and **I feel like a new creature.** Can do a good day's work. Go up stairs as well as anybody. **Have a good appetite,** and in fact, I feel all right. And feeling that **CURES** it is my duty to tell others, together with a deep sense of gratitude, prompts me to write you this letter.

Yours respectfully,

MRS. E. N. NOURSE.

Dana Sarsaparilla Co., Belfast, Maine.

—Although our old friend, James Milliken, Esq., has left Bellefonte and is no longer a resident here he cannot forget altogether his old home. Last week he sent to J. Kyle McFarlane a check for fifty dollars to be expended in the purchase of coal for some worthy poor of our town.

—On Monday, Jan. 2, a check on J. A. Harper & Co., of Bellefonte, for 6 dollars was cashed at Tyrone. The check was a forgery and later one for 18 dollars and one for 6 was cashed at Lock Haven. It is not at this time known who is doing this business but if caught it will go hard with them.

—The late cold weather has played a scaly trick with the water pipes at the homes of many of our citizens. Rev. R. Crittenden, who lives on Linn street, has not escaped the general misfortune. His water supply was cut off last week by pipes freezing and bursting under ground and workmen were busy for several days repairing the damage.

Mr. Harvey Heed

Laceyville O

Catarrh, Heart Failure, Paralysis of the Throat

"I Thank God and Hood's Sarsaparilla for Perfect Health."

"Gentlemen: For the benefit of suffering humanity I wish to state a few facts: For several years I have suffered from catarrh and heart failure, getting so bad I could not work and

Could Scarcely Walk

I had a very bad spell of paralysis of the throat some time ago. My throat seemed closed and **I could not swallow.** The doctors said it was caused by heart failure, and gave medicine, which I took according to directions, but it did not seem to do me any good. My wife urged me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, telling me of Mr. Joseph C. Smith, who had been

At Death's Door

but was entirely cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. After talking with Mr. Smith, I concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. When I had taken two bottles I felt very much better. I have continued taking it, and am now feeling excellent. I thank God, and

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and my wife for my restoration to **perfect health.**" HARVEY HEED, Laceyville, O.

HOOD'S PILLS do not purge, pain or gripe, but act promptly, easily and efficiently. 25c.

THE DAVIS! THE DAVIS!

What is The Davis? The best Sewing Machine on earth.

It is the only vertical feed sewing machine ever made.

It sews through thick and thin, without any change of feed; which is the only feed, which will move one thickness or a dozen thicknesses of the same goods and sew the same without making any change.

It has all the attachments. It is light running. It is very durable and we guarantee it to be a long lived machine.

It is a beautiful piece of furuiture and an ornament in any household.

Reader, if you want to make your wife happy, present her with a Davis Sewing Machine.

Young man, if you want to make a present to your sister or to some other young man's sister, a Davis Sewing Machine will make your attachment doubly strong and make you twice as happy.

We challenge any other sewing machines to meet the Davis in a contest, as to the real merits of each, and will be glad to make a public exhibition in practical and fancy sewing. If three or more machines will accept this challenge, we will furnish the room free of charge, including light and heat for that purpose.

We invite all persons interested in the best Sewing machines to call at our store and examine the Davis; when we will take great pleasure in exhibiting the machine and explaining its merits.

McCALMONT & CO.

47 tf

WANTED.—A steam drill runner. To the right man good wages will be paid Address, H. J. McATEER, Morrell P. O., Huntingdon Co., Pa. 2-2t

AUDITORS NOTICE In the Orphans Court of Centre county. In the matter of the estate of Wm Montgomery late of Howard township deceased. The undersigned having been appointed an auditor by said court to distribute the fund in the hands of willis Weaver administrator of Wm Montgomery to and among those legally entitled to receive tae same given notice that he will be in his office in Bellefonte for the duties of his appointment on Jan. 6th 1893 at 10 o'clock, a. m.

E. R. CHAMBERS, Auditor.

1893.

HARPER'S BAZAR.

ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S BAZAR is a journal for the home. It gives the fullest and latest information about Fashions, and its numerous illustrations, Paris designs, and pattern-sheet supplements are indispensable alike to the home dress maker and the professional modiste. No expense is spared to make its artistic attractiveness of the highest order. Its bright stories, amusing comedies, and thoughtful essays satisfy all tastes, and its last page is famous as a budget of wit and humor. In its weekly issues everything is included which is of interest to women. The serials for 1893 will be written by Walter Besant and Edna Lyall. Christine Terhune Perrick will furnish a practical series, entitled "At the Toilet." Grace King, Olive Thorne Miller, and Candace Wheeler will be frequent contributors. The work of women in the Columbian Exposition will be fully represented with many illustrations. W. T. Higginson, in 'Women and Men,' will please a cultivated audience.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada and Mexico.

The Volumes of the Bazar begin with the first number for January for each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the number current at the time of receipt of order.

Bound Volumes of Harper's Bazar for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, post paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7.00 per volume.

Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss

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—THE—

---NEW YORK LEDGER.---

THE LEADING FAMILY WEEKLY OF AMERICA.

Gives the following, a partial list only, of its main attractions.

1 COMPLETE NOVELETTES ILLUSTRATED,—one novelette complete in each issue by such authors as:
Maurice Thompson, Mrs William Winter,
Helen Marshal North, J H Connelly,
Louis Harman Peet, Mary Kyle Dallas,
Howard M Hoke, William Perry Brown,
W C Kitchin.

2 CHOICE SERIALS—beautifully and profusely illustrated, by the most popular favorites of the day, who will be specially engaged.

3 VALUABLE ARTICLES FOR WOMEN. "The Woman's World," a full page devoted to interesting and useful gossip about household matters, children, servants, fashion, etiquette and society.

"From the World's Four Corners," a column of bright and breezy chat about the women of the day and what they are doing.

4 "CHILDREN ALL OVER THE WORLD," a column department each week, intended to be read aloud to the little ones of the family.

5 LIVELY AND INTERESTING SHORT STORIES of adventure, athletics, business, travel, journalism, the sea, etc., by such writers as:
Amelia E Barr, Kate M Cleary,
Thomas D English, Col Thomas W Knox,
William Perry Brown, J L Harbour,
Harriett P Spofford, Anna Shields.

6 HISTORY, BIOGRAPHY AND SCIENCE in brief articles.

7 CRISP EDITORIALS on topics of the day.

8 A VALUABLE CORRESPONDENCE department

Special Christmas, Easter, Fourth-of-July and Thanksgiving Numbers, with artistically illuminated covers.

A $4.00 PAPER FOR ONLY $2.00.

FREE—New subscribers who send $2 will receive the paper FREE to January 1, 1893, and for a full year from that date. They thus get free our superb Thanksgiving and Christmas Numbers.

SAMPLE COPIES FREE.

Address ROBERT BONNER'S SONS,
182 William St., New York City.

And all this for only $2 a year. Fifty-two numbers of from 16 to 24 pages.

A Year of Delight for All Young People.

WIDE AWAKE

IN 1893 WILL PRESENT OVER 1200 PAGES OF ENTERTAINMENT AND INSTRUCTION BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED

FOUR—GREAT—SERIAL—STORIES.

GUERT TEN EYCK, by William O Stoddard. A Story of Young America.

THE MIDSHIPMEN'S MESS, by Molly Elliot Seawell. Life among Midshipmen on an American man-of-war.

PIOKEE AND HER PEOPLE, by Theodora R Jenness. A story of Indians of to-day.

THE OCALA BOY, by Maurice Thompson. A story of Elorida—with a moral.

A few of the leading features in WIDE AWAKE for 1893:

WHITTIER WITH THE CHILDREN—
A delightful illustrated account by Margaret Sidney of the poet's love for childhood.

AMONG MY BAREFOOTS—
A characteristic account of his especial wards by Tedo J d'Apery, the famous boy editor.

WISHING—
A sparkling comedy for children by Wm Grant. Adapted for home or school acting.

MR VAN GELT'S CASE—
A Christmas story by Wm O Stoddard.

THE GOLD HUNTER'S of HAPPY VALLEY by John Preston True.

FROM CORDOVA TO CATHAY—
From illustrated papers by Frederick A Ober on the places made famous by the struggles and triumphs of Columbus.

JOHN KNOWLTON'S WAY—
The story of a real American, by Edward Everett Hale.

PRACTICAL PAPERS FOR OUR GIRLS AND BOYS—By Annie H. Ryder, Sallie J. White and Annie Lawyer Downs.

SUPREME MOMENTS SINCE 1492.
Certain significant epochs in the world's history for the boys and girls to think over.

WIDE AWAKE Athletics will contain articles on Games and Sports with explicit diagrams and directions by the most eminent experts.

There will be Stories of Adventure, Home Life, Patriotism, Travel, History and School Life; with Poems of Places, Seasons, Sentiment, Childhood, Valor and Fun. Valuable Practical Articles.

Specimen copy, with premium list, 5 cents

WIDE AWAKE IS $2.40 A YEAR;
20 CTS. A NUMBER.

D. LOTHROP COMPANY,
Publishers, BOSTON, Mass.

Clothes REPAIRED, CLEANSED AND PRESSED.—I have concluded to take up my old trade and am now prepared to do Repairing, Cleaning and Pressing of Clothes at my residence, No. 231 East Lamb street. I solicit a share of patronage and guarantee perfect satisfaction. Work gathered and delivered promptly and charges as low as can possibly be made. A postal card dropped in the mail will receive attention at once.

23 48 tf WILLIAM McCLELLAN.

W. C. T. U. COLUMN.

EDITED BY MRS M. P. TUTEN.

CENTRE COUNTY AND BELLEFONTE LOCAL OFFICERS.

President—Mrs John P. Harris,
Vice Pres.—Mrs. James Harris,
Secretary—Miss Eliza Thomas.
Treasurer—Mrs. D. D. Mitchell,

Regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. is held every Thursday at 4 o'clock P. M. in the W. C. T. U. rooms No. 20, Criders Exchange.

Gospel temperance meeting every Sunday afternoon at 2.30 at the same place.

A cordial invitation to attend these meetings is extended to all.

Sewing school every Saturday afternoon from 2 to 4; also held at room 20. To this school children are earnestly invited.

The exchange is open every Saturday at 3 P. M. in the room formerly occupied by Mr. McManus as a law office. A good variety of break, pies, puddings cake and candy always on hand. Orders for Sunday dinner deserts promptly filled.

He that saith he is in the light, and hateth his brother is in darkness even until now 1st John 2-9.

He that loveth his brother abideth in the light and their is no occasion of stumbling in him 1st John. 2-10.

But he that hateth his brother is in darkness, and walketh in darkness, and knoweth not whether he giveth, because that darkness has blinded his eyes. 1st John 2-11.

We of the W. C. T. U. the Y. W. C. T. U. the Bellefonte Temperance Union and other similar orgrnizations in Centre county are organized to carry on a constant and relentless war against the gigantic evil of intemperance and crime this is our field and our duty is to see that no effort is spared to purge our county from the evils of this unholy traffic although the people have twice spoke in thunder tones against this great evil when an opportunity was offered to act upon it outside of party lines yet the powers of evil have by cunning and diplomacy gained important advantages the court has been captured by the enemy although the Bellefonte REPUBLICAN, spoke a word of warning at the last election, the people heeded it not and we may expect in the near future an increase of or extension of this traffic and in Bellefonte and other places an increased number of licenses will no doubt be granted. The selfish, cruel, and defiant attitude of the liquor traffice challanges all the metal and religious elements and also all the material interest of the county to a final combat. Another irrasible conflict of id as upon this question is now before our people clamoring for adjudication and will not down. In this desperate war which impending over the whole county we will find combined all the wily sophistries of an unscrupulous enemy, all the personal animosities of prejudice and passion all the force of malignant determined opposition animated by vicious appetites and cruel avarice. All these and other nefarious means will combine and aray their united forces to secure the liberty to dispense alcoholic poisons, which includes the right to flood the county with crime, vice, and corruption, and all the misery that is sure to follow. But as all the moral and material interest of the people are so largely jepordized by the nefarious business, and the homes, lives and property of the people are menaced with destruction, the friends of morality and religion are becoming equally determined to enter and prosecute this war to its bitter end. The best and most approved weapons that truth partriotism, virtue, and religion can command will be called into requisition; and these will be accompanied with a determination to work and pray and a faith and energy to achieve that cannot fail to succeed. The awful condition of society in general, the greatly increased consumption of the fiery liquor, and the terrible result and developments of the last few years, have clearly demonstrated the fact that this monster of vice and misery that now threatens our homes, lives and property, must be put down or it will certainly put us down. How many striking examples of this truth have we had within the last two years? our own organization and the Bellefonte Temperance Union could tell how mothers hearts have bled and fond hopes been crushed by the work of this insiduous foe. The desperate opposition inspired by avarice and appetite which will be brought to bear on the cause of temperance will require all the zeal and energy that can be arrayed against this common and insiduous foe of all virtue, and only in proportion to the active and determined perseverance of the friends of entire total abstinence united for a zealous earnest conflict, will they fully succeed in dethroning this monster of oppression, crime, anarchy and destruction.

"But right is right, and right the day must win;
To doubt is disloyalty, and to father would sin"

In this contest the moral forces of the county are so clearly on the side while the demonica forces of prejudice instigated by selfish greed and base passions, are on the other that no intermediate position or compremise will or can settle the question. The conflict is inevitable, must be prosecuted with energy and must be settled right. We therefore need to arouse the moral and material elements into a united and determined effort for success in this grand conflict. The moral and religious forces of the people must unite their plans and purposes into one concentrated sweeping avalanche of opposition and this must include such earnest work and prayer for our cause as will carry consternation and destruction into the ranks of the enemy. We must have faith to believe that we can and must succeed; and we must unite with faith prayer and with these work for "faith without words is dead" and we will hurl the monster evil of alcohol (used as a beverage) into such a deep gulf of destructruction that not a vestige of its hideous proportions will be left to taunt us with its hateful presence. Let the conflict come now, let it come quickly; and God help the people to realize the awful responsibility that rests upon them give them courage and faith in the right and especially confidence in their power and influence when properly and effectively exerted for it is through the people we must win if we win at all. What we want just now is moral courage. We must be willing to be pioneers, and stand by our convictions even if we have to stand all alone at first, The truth as to the nature of the conflict will become more and more apparent, and the people will rally to the support of a determined effort made to secure their just right to be free from this hateful traffic. This is a life and death struggle. The exigency of our county in the clutches of the liquor traffic must be met with a zealous and willing sacrifice of some of personal comfort if we would have and deserve the protection of a virtuous civilization. Our homes and religion call us to duty, call us to the work with faith and prayer shall we refuse to answer.

Suppose I should send to Hamburg and purchase for the Eureka Grocery of Bellefonte a fresh stock of cholera infection, and expose it for sale on low terms for cash or credit, and advertise it as good old Asiatic or Russian, or Greek, or Holland, and deal it out by the glass, the quart, the gallon, or the hogshead, how loud would be the outcry of indignant citizens against me! And why? Because I had brought an agent of death among them for purposes of speculation. Now, what, I ask, liquor dealers sell but cholera germs, agents of death?

BOROUGH COUNCIL.

The Bellefonte Borough council met last Monday evening, councilman Dr. R. L. Dartt presiding, William T. Hillibish the president being out of town. Potter, Williams, Jamison, Garman and Dartt were present. Geo. L. Potter chairman of the finance committee reported for exonerations on tax duplicate of 1890. The full amount of exonerations asked was $826.05 of this amount $283.71 was for errors, $264.73 for people too poor to pay, and who if distressed would be forced on the borough, and $276.61 taxes against persons who left the borough before the time when they could be compelled to pay by law. It is well known that this year there has been a greater expodus from the town than was ever before known in its history and this latter item was taxes against such parties as left the town in this way before they could be asked to pay taxes. Of course the collector tried to collect from these parties and did from many of them but where they refused to pay he had no remedy. Notwithstanding this fact the exonerations asked by collector Ray are less than has been asked by any other collector within the memory of the oldest inhabitant. This is such a showing in in favor of our present collector as should entitle him to the commendation of all tax payers and make his re-election next spring a certainty.

Chairman S. H. Williams, of the Water committee, made a report that the cold weather had made such leaks in the pipes that many repairs were necessary, that leaks at private houses caused much waste of water; that the pumps were being run by steam 17 hours a day to keep up a sufficient supply of water; in case of fire, which consumed an extraordinary amount of fuel; that an extra amount of men had to be employed to dig up the frozen streets to shut off water from houses where there were leaks in order that repairs could be made. He estimated the extra cost of all this to the tax payers at $300.00.

Some complaints were made about the condition of the pavements. These are bad, of course, but as long as this extreme cold weather lasts it will be about impossible to make the side walks safe to walk on and there is no other way but for pedestrians to take the street. There is no use to make unreasonable complaints about that that cannot well be remedied.

—As stated last week the funeral of Ev-B. McKnight took place at his parents' home on Lamb street, Bellefonte, last Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. William Laurie, of the Presbyterian church, assisted by Rev. Geo Elliott, officiating. The speaker spoke feelingly of the many excellent traits of character of the young man who had born so patiently and with such christian fortitude the ills of a life of pain and and sickness. Mrs. W. H. Mann, J. C. Meyer, E. M. Blanchard and Elliott Harvey sang two hymns entitled "Nearer My God to Thee" and "Come Unto Me." The pall bearers were Albert Schadd, Jas Harris, Joe Runkle and Harry Fitzgerald. Burial at Union cemertery.

—Since the death of Bartram Galbrath, now a month or more ago, there has been no Janitor appointed at the Court House. The position is worth forty five dollars a month and such times as these there are many persons ready to take such a job, consequently there were twenty or more applicants for the vacant position. The duties are to take care of the Court House building, all the offices in it and the grounds around it. It was some time before the commissioners could settle upon the right man among the number asking for the position. At last they decided upon Mr. Orie Atwood and he was appointed. He is said to be a good man for the place and likely to give general satisfaction.

SENATORS BY POPULAR VOTE

A Move in That Direction Made by the National House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Three prepared speeches were read in the senate yesterday The first was by Mr. Morrell (Vt.) against the McGarragan bill, the second by Mr. Pfeffer (Kan.) in favor of a constitutional amendment limiting the presidential office to one term, and the third by Mr. Call (Fla.) in defense of the constitutionality of the anti-option bill. After a quorum was procured, as the result of a call, the senate made considerable progress on the anti-option bill. The amendments that had been offered by Senators Vilas (Wis.) and Daniel (Vt.) were defeated by a large majority, and some amendments offered by Mr. Washburn (Rep.) were agreed to, one of them fixing the first of July, 1893, as the time when the bill is to go into effect.

For almost an hour yesterday the time of the house was consumed in the consideration of a resclution to which there was not the slightest opposition in any quarter, and which was finally adopted without objection. It was one calling upon the executive departments for information as to the number and amount of war claims allowed or disallowed by such departments. Then a motion to suspend the rules and pass a bill to settle the claims of Arkansas and other states under the swamp land grants, failed to secure the necessary two-thirds vote, and was, therefore, defeated. For some time the Republicans filibustered against the motion to suspend the rules and pass a joint resolution for a constitutional amendment for the election of the United States senators by popular vote, but in the end permitted it to be carried without a division.

FOURTEEN NEW CARDINALS.

The List Includes Six Italians, but No Americans.

ROME, Jan. 17.—The pope created fourteen cardinals at the consistory yesterday, the list not including any Americans. Archbishop Vaughn, of Westminster, was elevated to the cardinalate; also Archbishop Logue, primate of Ireland; Archbishop Krementz, of Cologne; Prince Archbishop Kopp, of Breslau; Mgr. Mocenni, papal under secretary of state; Mgr, Persico, secretary of the propaganda; Mgr. Thomas, archbishop of Rouen; Mgr. Meignan, archbishop of Tours; Mgr. Vaszay, primate of Hungary, and archbishop of Grau. There are in all six Italian cardinals, two French cardinals, two Prussian, one English (Vaugh), one Irish (Logue), one Hungarian and one Spanish.

With regard to France, the pope has not only raised the archbishops of Rouen and Tours to the cardinalate, in accordance with the proposal of M. Carnot, but confers, it is understood, this distinction upon a third prelate who, subject to the consent of the French president, will be either Mgr. Perraud, bishop of Autun, or Mgr. Fava, bishop of Grenoble, one of these being a reserved cardinal.

The elevation of the prince Archbishop Kopp to the cardinalate will, it is expected, have some influence upon the course of the clericals on the army bill.

Obold's Loose Methods.

READING, Pa., Jan. 17.—Criminal proceedings will probably be begun against the deposed treasurer, John Obold, today. He is confined to his bed completely prostrated, and now he alleges that thousands of dollars were extorted from him by persons who knew of his loose methods. The new treasurer, John P. Lance, chosen by councils on Saturday night, took charge of the office this morning.

Twice Fired in a Night.

BELVIDERE, N. J., Jan. 17.—Fire broke out twice in Faust brothers' drug store here Sunday night and gutted the place. The first outbreak occurred about midnight and the flames were soon extinguished by the fire department. Two hours later a barrel of turpentine exploded and another outbreak occurred. The origin of the fire is supposed to have been from a cellar heater.

Gone Over to the Pennsy.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Jan. 17.—It is given out here in railroad and mining circles that yesterday the Reading company hauled the last of the Coxe brothers' collieries' coal that they are to get, and that the Pennsylvania railroad will hereafter control all the output, amounting to between two and three million tons annually.

Killed by a Mine Locomotive.

HAZLETON, Pa., Jan. 17.—John Rusho, a Hungarian, was killed at No. 5 colliery, near here, yesterday. He was standing on the track when a mine locomotive approached. In stepping out of its way he was struck by a train and crushed to death between the cars. His wife and family are now en route from Hungary.

A Reformatory Official Resigns.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., Jan. 17.—Deputy Superintendent George A. Smith, of the Huntingdon Industrial reformatory, has tendered his resignation to the board of managers. The board refused to accept the resignation, but Mr. Smith gave notice that he would positively leave on April 1.

THE NEW YORK
WEEKLY · HERALD,
ONLY $1.00 A YEAR.

During 1893 the WEEKLY HERALD will be without a question the best and cheapest family journal published in America. It will be profusely illustrated by the best artists in the country, and will be a magazine of literature, art and news absolutely unrivalled in excellence.

THE PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURAL
Will be graphically described and artistically pictured, while the great feature of the coming year's history, the

WORLD'S FAIR,
will be given particular attention. So complete will be the descriptions of everything connected with the great Exposition, and so true to the reality the many illustrations, that a perusal of the Weekly Herald next summer will be almost as satisfactory as a visit to Chicago.

PRIZES EACH WEEK
Will be awarded for the best original articles on agricultural subjects. Each issue will contain a page devoted to practical and scientific farming.

The Woman's Department will be unexcelled in practical suggestions to make the home more attractive.

Every week there will be a number of special articles on all topics of human interest. Among the novelists who will write stories for the Weekly Herald are Jerome K. Jerome Stepniak, Mrs. Grimwood, Edwin Arnold, John Stange Winter, Marie Corelli, Helen Mathers, Florence Warden, Hume Nicbet and Hamilton Aide.

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Address, JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
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FACTS A—Absolutely. B—Best. C—Cure for Pain.
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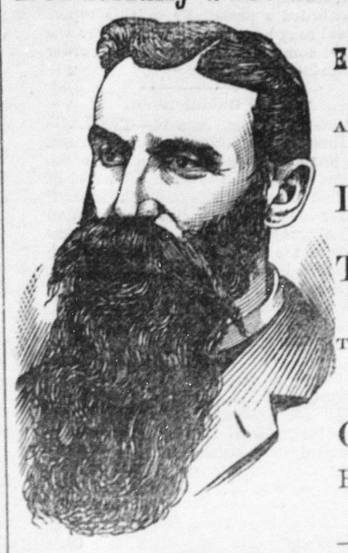
Wonderfully Successful in All Chronic Diseases



—DISEASES OF THE—
Ear, Eye, Nose, Throat, Lungs and Nasal Catarrh.

ALL EYE OPERATIONS SUCCESSFULLY PERFORMED BY THEM.

DR. MORITZ SALM
—WILL BE AT—
THE BUSH HOUSE,
Bellefonte, Pa.,
THURSDAYS—OCTOBER 13, NOVEMBER 10, DECEMBER 8, JANUARY 5, 1893, FEB. 2, MAR. 2 & 30, APRIL 27, MAY 25, JUNE 22.

ONE DAY ONLY.
Examination and Consultation FREE to Everybody.

ONCE MORE HALE AND HEARTY.
Bellefonte, Pa., Oct. 13th, 1892
For more than 5 years I have had a bad eye trouble, etc., miserable case of dyspepsia, felt generally very bad, became very thin and pale and never had any appetite. But now, after only a few months treatment with Dr. Salm I have gained very much in flesh, my Dyspepsia is cured and my eyes are as well as anyones and I consider myself, thanks to the good Doctor, once more hale and hearty,
MISS MILLIE KELLY,
Attested by her mother, Snow Shoe
Sarah Kelly. Centre Co., Pa.

SELF—EXPLANTORY.
Tyrone Sept. 20, 1892
DR SALM.
The Medicine you gave me for Bronchitis and Asthma helped me wonderfully. There are 5 or 6 persons here who know of the success you have with me want to see you about their health. Let me know if you can stop over here, if not we will come to see you at Bellefonte Yours Resps.
MRS. Jennie Corsan.

THE EYES ARE NOW STRAIGHT THANKS TO THE DR.
Indiana Oct. 12th 1892.
I have been cross-eyed and that badly for over 28 years. Dr. Salm operated on both eyes in less than two minutes time, without causing the least pain, nor was I confined to my room for a single moment I can conscientiously say that they are now perfectly strong, thanks to the Dr.
MRS. CALLIE KINTER.

CATARRH & BRONCHITIS CURED.
Dr. M. Salm treated me for catarrh and bronchitis. I had been affected with it for years and was incapacitated for any work and suffered with sleeplessness, but now consider myself entirely cured. Will be glad to answer any questions pertaining to the above testimonial gratefully. JOHN NEWDORFER.
Delmont, Pa.

LUNG TROUBLE & CATARRH CURED
I have had lung trouble and a bad case of catarrh for years, my breathing became very laborious about a year before I came to Dr. M Salm under treatment, and I was unable to do any work whatever, appetite all gone and I became a complete physical wreck and I could see in my friends' eyes that they gave me up for lost. However, after all this, I consider myself now entirely cured, breathing good, no more catarrh, can work all day and feel happy once more; thanks to this great doctor. LIZZIE ALLISON.
Oct. 22, 1891. Blairsville Intersection.

REMOVAL OF POLIPUS.
For the last 17 years I have been troubled with catarrh and for the last 3 years could not breathe through my nostrils; had tried several doctors, and patent medicine in abundance without avail. Dr. Salm, of Columbus, said I had polipus in connection with catarrh; he removed them for me and I breathe again comfortably through both nostrils; altogether I am feeling much better and find myself on the highway to recovery.
WM. ROSENBERGER,
18 Muskingum St.,
June 27, 1889. Massillon, O.

EPILEPSY AND INSANITY.
My daughter Alice had epilepsy to such a degree as to make her idiotic. She was of no use for work, and was not able to recognize any one, we brought her to Dr. Salm for treatment, and the improvement the Dr. worked on her is wonderful. She can work again has her right mind, no more fits and can talk intelligibly with any one, and is hale and hearty again. JACAB SHAFFER.
Mechanicsburg, Pa. Oct. 21, 1891.

RUNNING OF THE EAR AND DEAFNESS CURED.
For the last eight years my little daughter, Bertha, has had a severe case of running of the ear, the odor was fearful, she became pale, thin and generally complained, but after a course of treatment with Dr. Salm, she is hale and hearty, all running of the ear has stopped and her hearing before having been bad is good again. We recommend the doctor.
I G JONES.

Our daughter Mary has been crosseyed since birth, she is now 14 years old, and this day we brought her to Dr. alm, who visits Indiana every four weeks, an operation was made of not more than a minute's duration, and was without pain no chloroform being given The eye is now as straight as any one's.
THOS. A JOHNSTON
SUE M JOHNSTON.
Advance, Indiana Co., Pa., NOV. 20, 1890.

Diseases of Women, such as have baffled the skill of all other physicians and remedies, quickly cured. Cancers, Tumors, fibroid and polypoid growths cured without the use of the knife or caustics. No cutting, no pain no danger
Manhood perfectly restored. Quick, painless, and certain cure for impotence, lost manhood, spermatorrhœa losses, weak and nervous debility, also for prostatis, vericocele, and all private diseases, whether from imprudent habits of youth or sexual functions speedily and permanently cured. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Absolute cure guaranteed. No risk incurred. Free examination of the Urine—each persons applying for medical treatment should send or bring 2 to 4 ounces of urine, which will receive a careful chemical and microscopic examination. Small Tumors, Cancers, Warts, Moles, etc., removed without acids, knife, pain or scar. New method Electrolysis. Epilepsy or fits scientifically treated and positively cured by a never-failing method. Address all communications to Box 760. Columbus, Ohio. Examination and consultation free to everybody.

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(Established 1819)
The American Farmer,
1729 New York Avenue,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

The American Farmer, which is now entering upon its 74th year, is the pioneer farmer's paper in the country.

It is a large eight page paper, and contains 56 columns of the choicest agricultural and literary matter, plentifully embellished with fine illustrations. It is

NATIONAL IN CHARACTER,

and deals with farming and farmer's interests on broad, practical lines. It

EMPLOYS THE BEST WRITERS IN THE COUNTRY,

and everything that appears in its columns is of the highest character. Every department of the farmer's business is discussed in an earnest, practical way, looking to the greatest profit and benefit to the farmer and his family.

It appears on the 1st and 15th of each month and is furnished at the low price of

50 CENTS A YEAR

in advance. This makes it the cheapest agricultural paper in the country.

FARMER LEGISLATION.

During the coming year there will be an immense number of matters of the most vital interest to farmers dealt with by Congress and the executive departments at Washington. It is highly important that the farmers be kept promptly and fully informed as to what is being planned and done affecting them at the National Capital. They should all, therefore, take the American Farmer, which, being on the ground, has better facilities than any other papers for getting this information, and devotes itself to this duty. They will find in it constantly a great amount of valuable information that they can get in no other paper. Address all communications to

THE AMERICAN FARMER,
1729 N. Y. Ave., Washington, D. C.

IT STANDS ALONE
DR. HOXSIE'S CERTAIN GROUP CURE
Takes the lead wherever introduced over any preparation known, as a Prompt and Powerful Curative for Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and Bronchitis. 50 cents. Sold by prominent druggists throughout the State. 3 4t

A 1 First-Class Druggists
From present date will keep on sale the Imported East India Remedies. Dr. H. Janes' preparation of this herb on its own soil (Calcutta), will positively cure *Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma & Nasal Catarrh* and break up a fresh cold in 24 hours. $2.50 per bottle, or 3 bottles $6.20. Try it.
CRADDOCK & CO., PROPRIETORS,
1032 Race Street, Philadelphia.

EDWARD K. RHOADS,
At his yard near Passenger station sells on
THE BEST QUALITIES
OF
Anthracite, Bituminous & Woodland
COAL
—ALSO—
KINDLING WOOD,
AND
Corn Ears, Shelled Corn, Oats, Baled Hay and Straw
TELEPHONE 712.

PLUMBING, GAS AND STEAM FITTING.
R. J. SCHADD & BRO.
Shop at Steam Works, corner of Lamb and Spring streets, Bellefonte Pa.

We are prepared at all times to furnish all kinds of supplies—hydrants, sinks, bath tubs, water closets, pipe—both lead and cast and wrought iron, either plain or galvanized—brass and other fittings, and everything in the plumbing line.

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The Press has also the best of correspondents in all the great cities of the United States, as well as financial and railroad experts in Chicago and the West, who keep the paper more than abreast with events.

The columns of the Sunday Press are enriched by contributions from those whose names are written high in our lists of great authors novelists, essayists, as well as from men of high rank in public life. The best authors know that their best audiences are the readers of the Daily, Sunday and Weekly Press.

In politics the Press knows no other master than the people and the past year has seen, as has been seen before, the marked fact that it is subservient to no political boss. It has no political ambitions to foster, but looks after the interests of its readers, and delivers itself upon the issues of the day in a manner both frank and fearless, letting the facts speak for themselves and evading no issues but meeting them all on the basis of fair play to all men at all times. Its pages know no distinctions and the rights of one class over another are neither recognized nor supported.

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" " " one month	65
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WEEKLY PRESS, one year	1 00

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48 41 Philadelphia, Pa.

1893.
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ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for 1893 will continue to maintain the unrivaled standard of excellence which has characterized it from the beginning. Among the notable features for the year there will be new novels by A. Conan Doyle, Constance Fenimore Woolson, and William Black. Short stories will be contributed by the most popular writers of the day, including Mary E Wilkins, Richard Harding Davis, Margaret Deland, Brander Matthews, and many others. The illustrated descriptive papers will embrace articles by Julian Ralph on new Southern and Western subjects; by Theodore Child on India; by Poultney Bigelow on Russia and Germany; by Richard Harding Davis on a London Season; by Col. T A. Dodge on Eastern Riders, etc. Edwin A. Anbey's illustration of Shakespeare's comedies will be continued. Literary articles will be contributed by Charles Eliot Norton, Mrs. James T. Fields, William Dean Howells, Brander Matthews, and others.

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The Volumes of the Magazine begin with the Numbers for June and December for each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the Number current at the time of receipt of order. Bound Volumes of Harper's Magazine for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of $1.00 per volume. Cloth cases, for binding, 50 cents each, by mail, post paid.

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BEATTY'S PIANOS and ORGANS $53 up Want agt. Cat'lg Free
Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J. 48 44

COURT PROCLAMATION—Whereas, the Hon. A. O. Furst, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial district, consisting of the counties of Centre and Huntingdon, and the Hon. C. A. Faulkner and the Hon. Thomas F. Riley, Associate Judges in Centre, having issued their precept bearing date the 28th day of Dec., 1892, to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and general Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and commence on the 4th Monday of January, the 23rd day of January 1893, and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then of there to prosecute against them shall be just.

Give under my eand, at Bellefonte, the 18th day of Jan., in the year of our Lord, 1893, and the one hundred and sixteenth year of the Independence of the United States.
WM. A. ISHLER,
23 30 4t Sheriff.

1893.
HARPER'S WEEKLY.
ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S WEEKLY is acknowledged as standing first among illustrated weekly periodicals in America. It occupies a place between that of the hurried daily paper and that of the less timely monthly magazine. It includes both literature and news, and presents with equal force and felicity the real events of current history and the imaginative themes of fiction. On account of this very complete series of illustrations of the World's Fair, it will be not only the best guide to the great Exposition, but also its best souvenir. Every public event of general interest will be fully illustrated in its pages. Its contributions being from the best writers and artists in this country, it will continue to excel in literature news and illustrations, all other publications of its class.

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Per Year:

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HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00

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Bound volumes of Harper's Weekly for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, post paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7.00 per volume.

Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

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SATOLLI MADE PREMIER

Rome Strikes a Crushing Blow at Its Critics in America.

THE HOLY SEE IS SUPREME.

In Church Matters Its Fiat Is Final and the Papal Delegate Will Remain Here Permanently to Enforce the Vatican's Decrees.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Those members of the Roman Catholic church in this country who have been attacking Mgr. Satolli, the papal ablegate, have received a terrible setback by the announcement that instead of recalling Mgr. Satolli as they had hoped, the pope had conferred new honors upon him.

Mgr. Satolli received at the Catholic university the following cable message from Dr. O'Connell, the American secretary of the propaganda, who accompanied Mgr. Satolli to this country and recently retured to Rome:

ROME, Jan. 14.

To Mgr. Satolli:

The apostolic delegation is permanently established in the United States, and you are confirmed as the first delegate.

O'CONNELL.

The importance of this message, proceeding as it does from the American secretary of the propaganda, will be readily appreciated. Inquiries at the Catholic university here, where Mgr. Satolli resides, fully confirm the authenticity of the dispatch.

This decision the Vatican considers to be a sufficient answer to the opposition to Mgr. Satolli and his mission.

Information was also received here, confirming the announcement that Rev. F. Z. Rooker, of Albany, had been formally appointed secretary of the apostolic delegation, and stating further that he had left Rome for New York and was no doubt the bearer of the papal bull creating the delegation and confirming all the powers of Mgr. Satolli.

Satolli on Dr. McGlynn's Case.

Archbishop Satolli, permanent apostolic delegate in the United States, authorizes the publication of the following statement in regard to the pope's action in the case of Dr. McGlynn:

"On the very day of the reconciliation of Dr. McGlynn with the church public notice was given of it, with the statement that Mgr. Satolli had absolved from censure and reconciled Dr. McGlynn by special power for the purpose requested from and granted by the holy father; and, moreover, that the absolution had been given because Dr. McGlynn had willingly accepted the conditions laid down by the holy father as necessary and sufficient.

"This information so expressed should have sufficed to satisfy every one with the reconciliation carried out by authority specially delegated by the holy father, and with the conditions called for by the holy father. Here it is well to make several reflections:

"First—That as soon as it was understood that these conditions were complied with every sincere Catholic should at once have felt himself bound in conscience to recognize that all had been done in the case that was expedient, in accord with the spirit of the Catholic church.

"Second—That the selection of the proper time and the manner to give public information of the conditions belonged to the authority of the church, and when the holy father should find it opportune, after the reception of the documents, which were immediately forwarded.

The Holy See Supreme.

"Third—Every one could see that the immediate publication of these conditions was for prudential reasons omitted to avoid talk that might oppose the good done by doing away with the calamity which had for so long weighed upon a priest by reconciling him with mother church. Dr. McGlynn presented a brief statement of his opinions on moral economic matters, and it was judged not contrary to the doctrine constantly taught by the church, and as recently confirmed by the holy father in the encyclical rerum novarum.

"Finally Dr. McGlynn has of his own free will declared and promised that within the limits of a not long period of time he will go to Rome in the spirit and intention which are becoming to a good Catholic and a priest.

"It is deplorable that this reconciliation should have been discussed as it has. That any one should have dared to speak of the pope's authority over the church in America as foreign is a sentiment and utterance enormously erroneous and scandalous.

"The action of the church and of the holy see in the things that belong to it is superior to every man made boundary, universal and proper to every country in which there may be Catholics. For which reason it seems to us exceedingly opportune to recommend due respect in every case to ecclesiastical authority, and, before all, to that of the holy see, as well as to that of the council of Baltimore.

"Inasmuch as it is forbidden to treat ecclesiastical matters and questions through the medium of journalism, much more deplorable is it that persons, both ecclesiastics and laymen (who wish to appear as sincerely Catholic), make bad use of journalism with violent and mendacious attacks beyond all bounds of respect and charity against venerable prelates, whose virtue and learning whose rectitude of character and unquestioned and unquestionable love toward the church and the supreme pontiff, never unaccompanied by sincere love of country, make them deservedly the objects of the special predilection of the holy father and of universal esteem and veneration."

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND'S VIEWS.

He Says It Means Home Rule for Catholics in America.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 16.—When asked by a press representative about the institution of an apostolic delegation in the United States, Archbishop Ireland said:

"Yes, a permanent apostolic delegation has been established in the United States and Mgr. Satolli has been the first apostolic delegate. I have had myself a direct cablegram from the Eternal City to this effect. I am heartily glad. The controversies agitating for some time past American Catholics are over and peace will reign. Mgr. Satolli came to America as papal ablegate—a term which indicates a temporary mission and somewhat limited powers. Objections were at once raised in certain quarters against him, his authority was questioned or denied, his recall demanded, his mission declared a failure.

"To all clamorings of this nature the pope gives answer swift and effective. He declares that we shall have a permanent apostolic delegation in the United States. So well satisfied is he with the work accomplished by the delegate, and as a perfect recognition of Mgr. Satolli's rights he names him as the first apostolic delegate. Leo XIII is a man of firm character; opposition strengthens his resolve. All that has occurred since Mgr. Satolli's arrival demonstrates the more plainly the need of a representative of the pope clothed with well defined and extensive powers.

"For Catholics Rome is the supreme tribunal; but Rome is rather far away. A hand near by is needed that will at any moment reach out and bid the sea be placid. If some men had been seeking the most effectual way to make evident to all eyes the necessity of a delegate in America they could not have adopted in proof of their thesis more effective arguments than the method they have in fact been pursuing. God be thanked for all that has been done.

"The Clouds of Old Fogyism."

"The Catholic church in America is now thoroughly organized and has put on the mantlings of perfect nature. She has on her own territory a supreme court—a branch of the appellate court of Rome, deriving from this latter its life, but capable in itself of immediate action. This is home rule for American Catholics, so far as Catholics away from Rome can have home rule. In addition to our own energy and inspiration we shall have in all our undertakings the direction and impetus as directly as never before of the sovereign head of the church. Catholics will have a more practical realization of what church unity and papal supremacy means.

"Remote authority dwindles at times into a speculative theory or an idle beau ideal; present authority is a living test. It tests one's obedience while at the same time adding new power for well doing. So far as the country at large is concerned the American people will welcome the recognition that a religious element of the land so important as the Catholic has this new glory added to its record, this new strength infused into its life.

"Moreover, a closer acquaintance with the workings of the papacy will be interesting and salutary; it will dissipate many an old time prejudice. The papacy will appear to all of us in its true light, harmonizing magnificently with the aspirations of modern democracy and accelerating the march of all that is useful, good and elevating in modern progress.

"The clouds of old fogyism said to hang around the throne of Peter exist only in the befogged river of religious prejudice or the darkened recesses of narrow and blindfolded minds. They exist not in the Vatican. The most farseeing, liberal mind in the world today is that of Leo; the most gentle and generous heart is his. Neither Catholics or Protestants of America know him sufficiently. It is the duty of all to study him; it is the particular duty of Catholics to draw nearer to him and follow more loyally his spiritual guidance."

CORRIGAN ON THE DECREE.

New York's Archbishop Says He Welcomes and Gladly Receives the Edict.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—On the announcement that the pope had established a permanent apostolic delegation in the United States and had named Mgr. Satolli the first delegate Archbishop Corrigan prepared the following, which his secretary, Father Connolly, gave out:

The sovereign pontiff, as the Vatican council defines, enjoys immediate episcopal jurisdiction over the entire flock of Christ. The primacy of the apostolic see carries with it from its very nature the right to appoint a representative in any diocese of the world. To deny this is to deny the faith. Consequently when the holy father is pleased to make a delegate apostolic he has a perfect right to do so.

More than this, to doubt of the wisdom of the holy see in determining to appoint such a representative, no Catholic who is well instructed in his religion would for a moment think of doing. We all receive this decision of the holy father as we receive all other decisions emanating from him—with the profoundest reverence, respect and obedience. Before the holy see acted there might have been room for a difference of opinion. None now exists. For my own part I gladly receive and welcome the news in question, always supposing it to be authentic.

Archbishop Corrigan himself could not be seen, but his secretary, Father Connolly, said: "Archbishop Corrigan accepts the ruling of the holy father as right. There was room for an opinion opposed to this action previous to the appointment. Now, however, there can be but one view of the matter."

Is It a Hit at Corrigan?

"There may be some people who will take this appointment as a direct hit at Archbishop Corrigan. Will he have anything to say in answer to them?" was asked of Father Connolly.

"We cannot help what people think," was the reply. "The archbishop will ignore whatever may be said."

Father Connolly stated in addition that while no official notice of the establishment of the apostolic delegation would be received by Archbishop Corrigan, Mgr. Satolli would certainly notify those in authority immediately on receiving his commission what powers had been vested in him and to what extent his jurisdiction would prevail. He felt that the powers which Mgr. Satolli had received on his last mission to this country on a matter of the same nature as would come under his direction in his new capacity would still remain with him.

"This, however," he said, "is nearly in relation to the church. The appointment of an apostolic delegate has nothing whatever to do with the government. The authorities at Washington of course would not recognize such an appointment. Whatever cases may be placed under the hand of Mgr. Satolli will in no way be connected with affairs outside the pale of the church. They will be simply matters that would have to be referred to Rome or taken cognizance of by the bishops or archbishops in this country.

How Archbishop Ryan Takes It.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16.—When shown the announcement that the appointment of Mgr. Satolli as papal delegate had been confirmed, Archbishop Ryan remarked: "The effect of the appointment on the church government of this country can only be determined by time. Such delegates exist in other countries without interfering with the machinery of the church government, and we must hope it will be the same with us." At the recent conference in New York he declared the archbishops did not vote against receiving an apostolic delegate, but simply postponed giving an opinion until they would consult with their suffragan bishops.

The Cardinal Silent.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 16.—No ecclesiastic in Baltimore of low or high degree has anything whatever to say for publication about the appointment by the holy father of Archbishop Satolli as permanent apostolic delegate to the United States. Priests are well pleased, and are of the opinion that an end will be put now to the "inspired" scandalous publications of late in derogoration of the nobility of the character of the grandest members of the episcopacy of the United States. The slanderers, it is advised, might be consulted for "views," as they may have something to remark upon the summary ending of their self imposed mission.

THE WORLD'S FAIR PRIZES.

The Board of Control Finally Decides How They Shall Be Awarded.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—The World's fair board of control has finally and forever disposed of the matter of awards by adopting the jury system and rejecting John Boyd Thacher's "American system" of pledges and all of the proposed compromise systems. The subcommittee, consisting of Commissioners Massey, Martindale and St. Clair, met and finally succeeded in formulating a report, which was later presented to and accepted by the full board.

The rules adopted provided for a general jury on awards of 400 members. This jury will be divided into thirteen departmental juries and those smaller bodies will do the work.

A written report must be filed with each finding, telling why one has or has not been awarded a prize. From this report an appeal may be taken, in which case the executive committee on awards will order a re-examination.

Another Bubble Burst.

LEOMINSTER, Mass., Jan. 16.—The Little Giant Hussar Wrecking company, formed for the purpose of getting if possible the enormous wealth said to be in the wreck of the British frigate Hussar, sunk in Hell Gate over 100 years ago, has been wound up. The company spent $14,000 and the proceeds of the investment were two guineas and a box of junk. The guineas, which bore the dates of 1760 and 1766, sold for $2,100 and the junk for $175.

The Spanish Exhibit.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Senor Don Enrique Dupuy de Lome, the Spanish minister to the United States, has been appointed commissioner general from Spain at the World's fair, and will leave for Chicago to superintend the erection of the Spanish building. Spain has appropriated $200,000 for the expense of the Spanish exhibit.

Destitution Along the Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 16.—With the Ohio river frozen from Louisville to headwaters, with all its tributaries locked in a still closer icy embrace and with a fall of snow almost unprecedented at this time of the year, the outlook for a resumption of river traffic is dark and destitution is already abroad.

Captain Hubbard Dead.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Captain Edward Hubbard, who has just died at Cornwall, was ninety-one years old. He had been pilot of over thirty vessels on the Hudson river. He was pilot of the steamboat Henry Clay, which was burned near Yonkers in 1852.

Hagen and McCormick Matched.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 16.—Dareld Hagen, the Norwegian skater, who claims the championship of Europe, and Hugh McCormick, of Canada, have been matched to skate a series of three races in this city Jan. 21, 23 and 24.

Barker's Widow Provided For.

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—The Transcript Newspaper company has notified the widow of its reporter, Joseph F. Barker, killed in the Federal street fire, that his salary will be continued to her indefinitely.

Our New Russian Minister.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The department of the state has received information that Prince Kantacuzene has been appointed as minister from Russia to the United States to succeed M. de Streve.

Two Men Killed.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 16.—At Jessup's Station a freight train jumped the track, and the engine turned over, instantly killing George Smith, engineer, and William Warren, fireman.

The Situation in France.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—The police deny the reports that fresh prosecutions are impending and new arrests to be made for complicity in Panama canal frauds and corruption.

A Mother Burned to Death.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 16.—Mrs. William De Courcey was burned to death while trying to rescue her children from her blazing house. Mr. De Courcey saved the children.

The Antioption Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Senator Washburn has given notice that on Wednesday he will ask the senate to remain in session till a vote on the antioption bill is reached.

Fears for a British Courier.

TANGIER, Jan. 16.—The British courier sent to Fey to demand the punishment of the man who murdered a British subject is believed to have met with foul play.

Senator Kenna Buried.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 16.—Senator Kenna's remains were buried in Mount Olive cemetery here with the solemn ceremonies of the Catholic church.

The White House Patient.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Little Marthena Harrison, continues to improve and danger from infection is believed to have been removed from the White House.

Canada Turns a New Leaf.

TORONTO, Jan. 16.—The tariff of canal tolls adopted for 1893 puts an end to all discrimination against vessels, merchandise or citizens of the United States.

Reading's Treasurer Resigns.

READING, Pa., Jan. 16.—City Treasurer Obold, whose accounts are $10,000 short, has resigned, thus anticipating his removal by the city councils.

Barr Robbed the Mails.

UTICA, N. Y., Jan. 16.—William Barr, a mail wagon driver, was arrested for stealing registered letters, diamonds and money from the mails.

Printers on Strike.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., Jan. 16.—The printers on The Herald struck work, owing to a disagreement about the rate of wages.

Crushed Between Cars.

TROY, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Louis Germain, of Plattsburg, was fatally injured while coupling cars and died in a few hours.

Ex-Congressman Rice Dead.

FREMONT, O., Jan. 16.—Dr. John B. Rice, ex-congressman, and one of the best known men in Sandusky county, is dead.

An Ocean Pier Giving Way.

CAPE MAY, June 16.—The bay here is gorged with ice, reaching far out to sea. The ocean pier is giving way.

A Hotel Destroyed.

LIMA, O., Jan. 16.—Fire destroyed the Buckland hotel, two saloons and a confectionary store.

More Cholera in Hamburg.

HAMBURG, Jan. 16.—Two new cases of cholera occurred here Saturday.

IN ONE WORD.

A few words are sometimes more telling than a long harangue. So thought Miss Phemy Grey, who often remarked that, "for her part, she couldn't see how folks felt t' throw away their words, no more'n they would their clothes or their grading sass."

She and her brother Liphlet, with whom she lived, were indeed a saving pair. Liphlet, however, was not wise in his economies, while Miss Pheny knew just where to save and where to spend. Liphlet's "bargains" were seldom regarded as such by her, and she was frequently obliged to "keep a tight rein on her tongue," lest she should say something to anger him.

On one occasion Liphlet bought a load of wood "cheap, from a man who had the reputation of being rather sharp. It proved—as Miss Phemy forewarned her brother that it would—most unsatisfactory but having said her say once she was not a person to reiterate it.

One cold day Liphlet came into the living room and found Miss Phemy seated in front of the fireplace, in which some of the logs of his purchases were cheerlessly spluttering. There was no such steady, comfortable blaze as he had been accustomed to see.

"Well, Phemy," said he, with an attempt at gayety, "so you're settin in front of the fire. How does th' wood seem't burn on the whole?"

"Well, Liphlet," said Miss Phemy, drawing her shawl a little closer about her, "it consumes!"

There was nothing more to be said, and Liphlet beat a retreat.—Youth's Companion.

DESPITE his peculiarities, the late Gen. Butler had a good business head. He leaves a fortune estimated at $7,000,000. He was at heart kindly, and how deep was his disappointment as a leader and a patriot is shown by the epitaph he wished inscribed on his tombstone: "Here lies the General who saved the lives of his soldiers at Big Bethel and Fort Fisher, and who never commanded the Army of the Potomac." How bitter must have been the resentment which had existed all these years! How characteristically sharp the epitaph!

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What Your Great Grandmother Did.

She hetcheled the flax and carded the wool, and wove the linen, and spun the tow, and made the clothes for her husband and ten children. She made butter and cheese, she dipped tallow candles, to light the house at night, and she cooked all the food for her household by an open fire place and a brick oven. Yes; and when she was forty years of age, she was already an old lady whose best days were over. Her shoulders were bent and her joints enlarged by hard work, and she wore spectacles and a cap.

Her great granddaughter, with all the modern conveniences for comfort, refinement and luxury, may be as charming and attractive at forty-five as at twenty. Especially is this true if she preserves her health by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which wards off all female ailments and irregularities, cures them if they already exist, keeps the life current healthful and vigorous, and enables the woman of middle age to retain the freshness of girlhood upon brow and cheek, the light of youth in her eyes, and its elasticity in her step.

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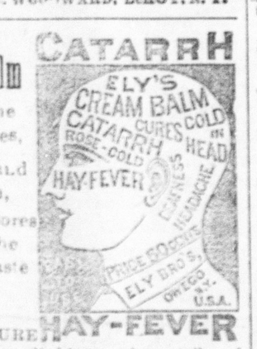

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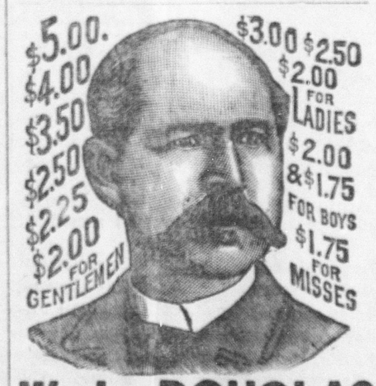

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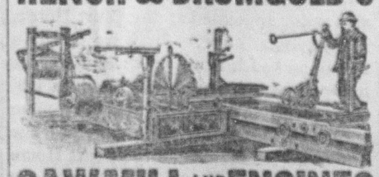

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THE CRISIS IN KANSAS.

Only a Compromise, It Is Alleged, Will Avert Bloodshed.

THE POPULISTS IN CONTROL.

They Will Attempt to Turn Republicans Out of the House and Then Trouble Will Come—They Begin by Smashing the Fusion with Democrats.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 16.—The crisis in the legislative conflict that has been waging between the Republicans and the Populists since the day the legislature assembled has been finally reached. The Populist house has been recognized by both the governor and the senate, and the Populist state government is in a position to turn the Republicans out.

The only way to pass the crisis without serious trouble and possible bloodshed is the acceptance by both sides of some compromise measure, and that now seems the remotest possibility.

The only step warranting to bring the situation to a crisis was the recognition of the Populists house by the senate. After an extended debate in the latter body the desired recognition was extended. The state of the feeling on the house side of the capitol may be imagined from the remarks made by both speakers when the action of the senate was announced.

Mr. Douglass, the Republican speaker, said: "Gentlemen of the house—Allow yourselves no uneasiness. The almighty has wisely reserved the powers of creation to himself alone. All the powers on earth, senators and governors included, cannot make sixty-three men out of fifty-eight men, and in every free representative body in the world the majority governs. The principle of self government is on trial in Kansas today, as it was once years ago. But it triumphed then and it will now. The friends of the constitution and the laws will soon stand as one man in Kansas regardless of party."

Populist Speaker Dunsmore was on his feet immediately after Mr. Douglass ceased speaking. He said the struggle for the mastery of the house had finally ended. The governor and senate had now both recognized the Populist house. That body was the legally constituted house of representatives and no power on earth save the sword could dissolve it.

Democrats Thrown Overboard.

Hisses from the galleries and the Republican house greeted this utterance, but they were soon drowned by Populist cheers.

By mutual agreement both houses adjourned until 4 p. m. Monday. Just before adjournment the house members of the committee appointed to inform the governor that the legislature was ready for business announced that the committee had an audience with the governor and that he had informed them that he would transmit his message next Tuesday.

Not the least of the results of the split house is the dissolution of the compact between the Democrats and Populists. Fusion has been declared off. Jerry Simpson notified Chairman Jone, of the Democratic state central committee, that the partnership heretofore existing between the Populists and Democrats had been dissolved. The two had a lively interview.

"We want nothing more to do with your crowd," said Simpson.

"We are quite ready to quit you," replied Jones.

Then Simpson said that the two parties had to dissolve partnership some time, and it might as well come now as any time. "Two years from now," he said, "we will lick both the old parties."

Leading Democrats say they are very much ashamed of the present conduct of their late political partners. The so called "straightouts" are saying, "I told you so," and are already claiming the leadership of the party hereafter. They especially lay claim to the senatorship, which, it is understood, the Republicans say the Democrats may have, and the friends of A. A. Harris, of Fort Scott, are very active in his behalf, but Bailey T. Wagener, of Atchison, continues to have the call.

Governor Morris' Appointments.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 16.—The Union announces that Governor Morris has decided upon the reappointment of Railroad Commissioners George M. Woodruff, of Litchfield, and William O. Seymour, of Ridgefield. Alex C. Robertson, of Montville, is named as railroad commissioner to succeed W. H. Hayward, of Colchester. Hon. Robert J. Vance, of the New Britain Herald, is put down for the office of labor commissioner; railway commissioner, C. S. Burlingame, of Canterbury; factory inspector, E. Burrows Brown, of Groton; judges of the superior court, John W. Alling, of New Haven; Washington F. Willcox, of Haddam; W. M. Hammersley, of Hartford.

Antisnappers Consulting.

ONEIDA, N. Y., Jan. 16.—A secret conference of prominent antisnappers, representing the Twenty-seventh congressional district, was held in this city at the office of W. E. Northrup, state committeeman of the antisnappers. It is generally understood that these gentlemen are preparing to give battle to the regulars at the coming spring caucuses and conventions, in hopes of gaining control of the congressional and county organizations, thus doing away with all disputes as to who shall receive the federal patronage in this district.

Carlisle Talked Freely.

COVINGTON, Ky., Jan. 16.—Senator Carlisle, while visiting his former home here, talked freely about his acceptance of the office of secretary of the treasury. He said it was important that his successor should be elected in time to take his seat March 4 and that he would mail his resignation after he returned to Washington. It is understood that he has not yet formally notified Mr. Cleveland of his acceptance of the office.

Cleveland's Silver Policy.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Henry Villard was at the Capitol Saturday, presumably as Mr. Cleveland's representative, arguing in favor of suspension of silver purchases. He had an interview with Speaker Crisp, Mr. Millan, Mr. Springer and a number of other leading members of the house. He said he would not be a member of Mr. Cleveland's cabinet because his business interests precluded that.

The Alleged Hill-Tammany Split.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The story of the reputed "split" between Senator Hill and Tammany Hall is denied here point blank by the senator's friends. They say that the thing was conceived by some underling of the administration wing of the party who hoped to curry favor with Mr. Cleveland.

SHERMAN ON THE SILVER LAW.

He Says the Republican Senators Are in Favor of Its Repeal.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16.—At the request of The Ledger Senator Sherman has made the following statement about the attitude of the Republican senators of the silver law of 1890, and in answer to an interview with ex-Secretary Bayard, in which he intimated that but for Republican disposition to embarass the incoming administration a repeal bill could be passed in the senate:

"It is as well known as anything can be that a large majority of the Republican senators, including myself, are decidedly in favor of the repeal or suspension of the purchase of silver bullion. They are ready today, tomorrow or at any moment to vote for such a repeal.

"It is equally well known that not more than one-fourth or one-fifth of the Democratic senators are in favor of such repeal, and they will resort to extreme measures to prevent it. They are openly pronounced for the free coinage of silver on the continuance of the existing law.

"It is unjust and wrong to attribute the motive I have referred to to Republican senators. The pretence made that Republican senators would sacrifice the public interests for a mere political scheme is without foundation, and I feel like denouncing it. If the Democratic party will furnish a contingent of ten senators in support of the repeal of the silver act of 1890 it will pass the senate within ten days.

"As for Mr. Bayard he stands where he has always stood on financial questions, substantially right, but acting with a party wrong on such questions. The opinions expressed by him in his interview in The Ledger are not concurred in by more than six Democratic senators, though it is hoped that a few more will join in suspending the purchase of silver bullion. Permit me to say in conclusion that the Democratic party, as now represented in the senate, is and has been for the free coinage of silver. I hope the eastern Democracy and Mr. Cleveland may have some influence in changing their opinions.

A Dozen May Have Perished.

DULUTH, Jan. 16.—The belief grows that the loss of life in the St. Louis hotel fire will be much greater than was reported. Daniel Carlton, a traveling man for the Globe Tobacco company, of Detroit, who was in the hotel, has not been seen since. The two Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic trainmen reported missing are surely lost. Lizzie Larson, reported missing, has been found. Chief of Police Hogan believes there are at least a dozen bodies in the ruins.

A Scourge of Scarlet Fever.

HAZELTON, Pa., Jan. 16.—The scourge of diphtheria and scarlet fever that has been ravaging Danville and the vicinity has within the past few days spread with alarming rapidity. Many buildings in the town are marked with the warning red flag. The board of health is putting forth strenuous efforts to check the two diseases and social gatherings are prohibited and the schools and opera house have been abandoned.

They Will Disgorge.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Jan. 16.—Contractor Taylor, who constructed the courthouse here, and Architect Beebe will disgorge $19,000 of the money overcharged in the erection of the building. Taylor contributes $13,000 and Beebe the remainder. They agreed to make this payment upon condition that the indictments found against them be dropped.

A Blaze in Plainfield.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Jan. 16.—The barn of Thomas D. Penton, a wealthy retired New York broker, was burned. A servant girl rescued the horses and carriages. The horses' harness, as well as the clothing and personal effects of the coachman and footman, was burned. The loss will be over $60,000.

Another Fair Squabble.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—The World's Fair Sunday Closers sued out an injunction restraining the city treasurer from paying the expenses of Mayor Washburne and his committee of aldermen, who went to Washington to advocate before congress the advisability of Sunday opening.

Homestead Armor Plate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Reports from the government inspectors at the Carnegie Steel works at Homestead, Pa., show that the armor plate manufactured there for the new naval vessels is quite as good as any turned out by the establishment before the lockout of last summer.

The Confederate Dead.

RICHMOND, Jan. 16.—An appeal has been issued by the Ladies' Memorial association and the Confederate camps of Richmond in behalf of the monument to the memory of the private soldiers and sailors.

Fled to Avoid Prosecution.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 16.—A. R. Clark, the wholesale grocer who recently made an assignment, has fled to avoid prosecution. His liabilities are $136,713, while the entire estate is only worth $36,390.

The Wages of Sin.

NEVADA, Mo., Jan. 16.—Will Evans, a farmer, who lives in Virgil township, has received written notice to leave the county at once as "the wages of sin are death."

Died of Exposure.

HARTFORD, Jan. 16.—Thomas Dugan was found dead in an Italian lodging house in a filthy room in which there were thirteen beds. The man died of exposure.

Clerk Handy Dead.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—William R. Handy, long a clerk in the navy department and son-in-law of Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, is dead.

Stanford Not to Resign.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—Senator Stanford stated that the report that he was to resign from the senate is untrue. He says his health is good.

Wolseley Won't Get It.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The British colonial office denies that General Lord Wolseley is to be the next governor general of Canada.

A Judge Fatally Injured.

BORDENTOWN, N. J., Jan. 16.—Justice Woodward, of Ellisdale, was fatally injured in a railroad accident near here.

Flames in a Church.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Jan. 16.—The Third Presbyterian church was damaged to the extent of $8,000 by fire.

Father and Son Frozen.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 16.—John Toothman and his stepson, William Stagdale, were found frozen to death.

The Iron Hall Appeals.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 16.—The Iron Hall case has been appealed to the supreme court of the state.

MURDERED HIS PARENTS

A Brutal Son Shoots Father and Mother Down in Cold Blood.

AN ASSASSIN IN HIS HEART.

After His Arrest He Coolly Announces That He Intended to Kill His Father. He Also Shot His Sister and Is in Danger of Being Lynched.

CHESTER, Pa., Jan. 16.—A frightful tragedy was enacted here which will result in the loss of two lives and the conviction of Thomas Rodgers as a double parricide. The latter is a young man twenty-four years old and the victims are his father, Thomas Rodgers, sixty years old; his mother, Martha Ann Rodgers, of about the same age, and his married sister, Mrs. William Kildey.

Thomas sat back of the stove in the kitchen of his parents' home just after the noonday meal, when his father reprimanded him for his laziness, declaring that he must go to work.

Thomas answered, "You can't put me out," and going up stairs, secured his brother-in-law's revolver.

The wife and daughter attempted to save Mr. Rodgers, but the young villain pushed them aside and deliberately fired two bullets into his father at short range. The first shot entered the thigh and the second lodged in the heart, while the powder scorched the old man's clothing. After his father had fallen to the floor young Rodgers kicked him in the face.

Shot His Mother Down.

The mother attempted to escape by the cellar door, but a bullet from her son's revolver struck her in the back and penetrated her left lung. The sister, Mrs. Kilday, fled from the house by the front door, and her brother, whose bloodthirsty passions had been thoroughly aroused, pursued her to the street, and standing on the doorstep shot her while she ran in almost the same place that he had wounded his mother. The bullet glanced on the shoulder blade, and this saved the young woman's life.

His revolver now empty, the would be murderer ran up the street to an alderman's office two blocks distant, and entering locked the door against a large crowd which followed. The police were notified and Rodgers was locked up.

The three victims were taken to the hospital, where the physicians announced that the wounded father and mother could live but a few hours. The mayor took the ante mortem statement of the dying couple. Shortly after the father died, while the mother lingered on a couple of hours longer before her spirit passed away.

He Intended to Kill.

Mr. Rodgers said that his son had frequently threatened his life when he had pressed the young man to go to work. On several occasions the father had secured the son's arrest, but withdrew the charges on promises of good behavior. Both parents believed that Thomas intended to kill his father and say he had not been drinking.

The criminal to a reporter said the attack was the result of a family row, and that he intended to kill the old man. He gave no reason, however, for the assault on his mother and sister.

A hearing will be given the prisoner, in which four children of the sister who were present during the shooting will give evidence against their uncle. There is much excitement in the community, and extra precautions has been taken by the police to guard against lynching.

Ruined by Anonymous Letters.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 16.—Benjamin F. Simons, the largest dry goods merchant in this city, has filed a mortgage for $36,500. Mr. Simons' ruin was brought about through Reynold C. Peese, a thieving clerk and a competitor, who blasted his reputation among eastern houses by means of anonymous letters.

Mrs. Dubois Buys Novelette.

COLUMBIA, Tenn., Jan. 16.—Polk & Brown, proprietors of Ashwood stock farm, have sold to Mrs. Dubois, of Dubois, Pa., the fast 3-year-old trotting filly Novelette, by Norival, 2:14, dam by Tennessee Wilkes. Novelette is a very fast filly and will be campaigned this season on the big tracks.

To Punish Lynchers.

RALEIGH, Jan. 16.—The committee on judiciary decided to make a favorable report to the legislature on a bill intended to put a stop to lynching. It is important as the first ever introduced in the state. It imposes a penalty of $500 and imprisonment of any person engaged in a lynching.

Senator Jones Banqueted.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Mr. Alfred de Rothschild, of the English delegation to the Brussels monetary conference, gave a banquet to Senator Jones, of the American delegation. Sir William Vernon Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, and a number of leading financiers were present.

Shadowed by France.

TANGIER, Jan. 16.—The negotiations between the British minister and the sultan are closely shadowed by a French emissary. Neither France nor Spain intends that England shall gain any advantage in Morocco if diplomacy can prevent it.

The Advance Refused.

DECATUR, Ills., Jan. 16.—C. M. Hayes, general manager of the Wabash, has issued a circular denying the demands of the operators for an advance in wages.

Twenty Years for Murder.

NUNDA, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Antonio Dello, who killed an Italian at Houghton Station last August, was sentenced at Belmont to twenty years at Auburn prison.

Blaine Rallies Again.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Mr. Blaine's physicians gave out the following bulletin: "Mr. Blaine is now stronger and brighter than for several days past."

Murder in the First Degree.

TUNKHANNOCK, Pa., Jan. 16.—The jury in the Dutch mountain murder case found Harris Blank guilty of murder in the first degree.

The German Army Bill.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—The opposition is now beginning to admit that the army bill has a fair chance of passing in the reichstag.

Death of David R. Martin.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J., Jan. 16.—David R. Martin, one of the oldest and best known citizens of this place, is dead.

WHAT KANSAS NEW GOVERNOR SAYS.

Governor Lewelling, of Kansas before taking his oath of office, addressing an audience of some two thousand of his followers, he said:

"What is the State to the farmer who wearily drags himself from dawn till dark to meet the stern necessities of the mortgage on the farm? What is the State to him if it sanctions misery and other legal forms by which his innocent ones become a prey to the fiends who lurk in the shadows of civilization? What is the State to the business man, early grown gray, broken in health and spirit by successive failures, anxiety his constant companion by day and the disturber of his dreams by night? How is life to be sustained, how is liberty to be enjoyed, how is happiness to be pursued under such adverse conditions as the State permits, if it does not sanction? Is the State powerless against these conditions? Tnen the State has failed, and our boasted civil compact is a hollow mockery.

"This is the generation which has come to the rescue. Those in distress who cry out from the darkness shall not be heard in vain. Conscience is in the saddle; we have leaped the bloody chasm and entered a contest for the protection of home, humanity and the dignity of labor. The people are greater than the law or the statutes, and when a nation sets its head on doing a great and good thing it can find a legal way to do it. The old may for a time stand in the way of the new, but the old must yield. Every age and every epoch is marked with conflict. The lines may waver, but victory is to the new and true.

"The purchasing power of the dollar has become so great that corn, wheat, beef, pork and cotton have scarcely commanded a price equal to the cost of production. The instincts of patriotism have naturally rebelled against these unwarranted encroachments of the power of money. Sectional hatred has also been kept alive by the old powers, the better to enable them to control the profits and make the producer contribute to the millionaire; and thus, while the producer labors in the field, the shop and factory, the millionaire usurps his earnings and rides in gilded carriages with liveried servants. To check and change these conditions for the good of all, Kansas steps forth to-day, and while demanding the rights of the laborer and producer, she also presents the olive branch of peace and good will to the people of the South by sending to the National Congress a distinguished farmer and stock raiser who was a colonel in the Confederate army."

PILES! PILES! ITCHING PILES.

Symptom—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.
s 24-1 y

A GOOD DOG.

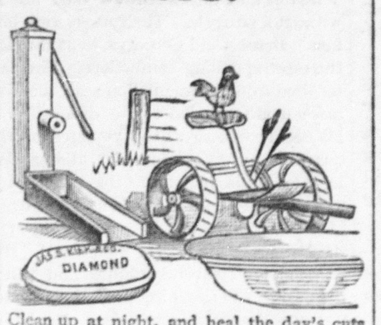
"Romeo." the large dog owned by Charles F. Kress, died Sunday, aged about thirteen years. At the time of the Johnstown flood he saved Mrs. Kress from drowning, the lady having slipped from a roof into the water on which she and other members of the family were trying to save themselves. The dog caught her by her dress and pulled her back to safety. The dog for the part he played on that memorable occasion received many favorable notices from the press of all parts of the country. Although he has been blind and deaf for some time he has been carefully and tenderly cared for. He was buried on Monday.—Johnstown Democrat.

"A SPLENDID NEW SONG!"

"Grandma's Lullaby," by S. W. Straub, is a very sweet and charming song. The words stir the kindliest feelings of the heart, while the melody is easy and flowing, yet full of tender pathos. The publishers, S. W. Strrub & Co., 245 State St., Chicago, will mail a copy to any address on receipt of 30c.

Ripans Tabules: see advertisement.

Farmers!



Clean up at night, and heal the day's cuts and bruises with

KIRK'S DUSKY DIAMOND TAR SOAP

Because of its high percentage of tar. ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.
JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.
White Russian Soap Insures White Clothes, Clear Clothes, Healthy Clothes.

BOOTS & SHOES.

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LEMONT, CENTRE COUNTY, PENNA

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes made to order, at two dollars less a pair than than the same can be purchased in Bellefonte or any other large town.

First class work and material. Nothing cheap but the price. Satisfaction guaranteed in fit and style.

All I ask is one trial, I know that after that I shall have your trade.

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To any worthy man or woman, boy or girl. If you wish to visit the
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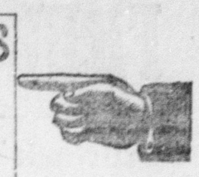
The EUREKA CASH GROCERY, Bush Arcade Block, is the place to buy Groceries GOOD AND CHEAP. We have always been selling goods at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES bu now we intend to do better than ever and will sell goods at prices that will astonish everyone. Times are hard and we cannot expect to make much. Below we quote you a few of our prices to show that we mean business.

3 cans of Corn for 25 cts.; 3 cans of Peas 25 cts.; 3 cans of Lima Beans for 25 cts.; 6 bars of Soap 25 cts.; Coffee 23-25-26-28-35 cts. per pound; 1 package Mince Meat 11 cts.; Mixed Tea (a number one quality) only 40 cts. per pound; Soup Beans 6 cts. per quart.

The above is a fair sample of our prices. Call and be convinced.

NEXT DOOR TO POST-OFFICE.
HIGH STREET, - - BELLEFONTE
M. P. TUTEN, PROPRIETOR.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

COMPLEXION PRESERVED
DR. HEBRA'S
VIOLA CREAM

Removes all Freckles, Pimples, Liver-moles, Blackheads, Sunburn and Tan, and restores the skin to its original freshness, thereby producing a clear and healthy complexion. Superior to all face preparations and perfectly harmless. For sale at druggists or mailed for 50c. Send for circular.
G. C. BITNER & CO., TOLEDO, O.

BEECH CREEK RAILROAD.
N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. LESSEE.
November 16, 1890.

Direct communication made with Philadelphia and Reading Railroad at Williamsport for Philadelphia, New York and intermediate points.

READ UP		STATIONS.	READ DOWN	
No 35	No 41		No 32	No 38
P. M.				P M
1 35		Gazzam		2 25
1 27		Kerrmoor		2 33
1 18		New Millport		2 39
1 10		Olanta		2 47
1 00		Mitchells		2 56
12 20	P M		A M	
12 09	9 15	Clearfield	7 00	3 30
11 41	8 55	Woodland	7 19	3 50
11 34	8 48	Bigler	7 26	3 57
11 28	8 43	Wallaceton	7 42	4 03
10 35	L 7 50	Philipsburg	L 7 25	L 3 35
11 30	A 8 45		A 8 20	A 4 50
11 05	8 20	Munsons	7 55	4 25
10 42	7 55	Peale	8 21	4 51
10 17	7 32	Gillintown	8 44	5 14
10 02	7 25	Snow Shoe	8 52	5 22
9 02	6 27	Beech Creek	9 46	6 27
8 47	6 13	Mill Hall	10 00	6 43
8 41	7 07	Lock Haven	10 08	6 52
8 32	5 57	Wayne	10 15	7 03
8 10	5 35	Jersey Shore	10 35	7 25
7 55	5 00	Williamsport	11 10	8 00
A. M.	P M		A M	P M
A. M.	P M		A M	P M
7 15	2 56	Williamsport	11 55	11 00
11 30	11 53	Philadelphia	4 05	6 50
	10 08	New York via Easton	5 50	
7 30	8 35	New York via Phila.	8 30	9 30
P M	A M		P M	A M

ADDITIONAL TRAINS.—Clearfield Accommodation leaves Gazzam at 8.30 a m and 6.00 p m, arriving at Clearfield at 10.15 a m and 7.30 p m.

Gazzam Accommodation leaves Clearfield at 6.10 a m and 4.00 p m, arriving at Gazzam at 8.00 a m and 5.30 p m.

Sleeping car on Through Express, both ways between Williamsport and Philadelphia (Ninth and Green street station) daily except Sunday.

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F. E. HERRIMAN, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't.
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Mrs. Edward Myers.

Torturing Erysipelas.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES EVER REPORTED.

Mrs. Myers' Hand Amputated. Her Life Saved.

The case of Mrs. Edward Myers, of Athens, N. Y., furnishes an apt illustration of a woman's power of endurance. This lady had been treated for months in the usual way for **Erysipelas** of the hand, without benefit. Not until her hand had become a mass of **putrified flesh,** and her life **despaired** of, did she turn to **Dr. Kennedy,** proprietor of **FAVORITE REMEDY,** for help.

He at once informed her that he could **save her life,** but that it was impossible to save the hand—it must be amputated.

She received this terrible intelligence quietly, declined to take ether, stipulating merely to hold her husband's hand during the operation, and underwent the painful process without moving a muscle or uttering a groan.

Dr. Kennedy then gave **Favorite Remedy,** which drove the poisonous disease out of her system, cleansed the blood, and prevented the return of the **disease,** and she now lives and rejoices in her great deliverance.

Had **Dr. Kennedy** been called at any previous stage of the disease he would have at once **prescribed Favorite Remedy** and **Mrs. Myers** would not have had to undergo this terrible ordeal, as it would have **saved her hand.**

Are you reader, troubled with **Erysipelas** or any **eruption** of the **skin,** it may be **Erysipelas** in its incipient stage—**don't trifle with it a moment,** but use **Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, it will cure you, for it is**

DEATH TO ERYSIPELAS.

CHASE'S HORSE BLANKETS

are the strongest and best.

Chase's Plush Lap Robes

are the standard. The plush will not shed. All robes have the name Chase either woven in the binding or sewed on the corner.

FIRST-CLASS DEALERS WILL SELL NO OTHERS.

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FREE A Sample of Electric Liniment GIVEN AWAY at GREEN'S PHARMACY. 46 4t

Bellefonte Republican,

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—"Mugg's Landing" to night.

—Go to the opera house this evening and see one of the funniest plays of the season.

—47 persons were admitted to membership in the Presbyterian church of Huntingdon last Sunday.

—Charles E. Hulbwit, State Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., has located in Bellefonte. He lives on Curtin street.

—Will Furst has lost a diamond ring somewhere in Bellefonte. The finder will confer a great favor by returning it to the owner.

—Hear the new songs, see the new dances and handsome costumes in "Mugg's Landing" at Garman's opera house this evening.

—Don't forget to visit the Eureka Grocery High Street, Bellefonte Pa., when you want to buy groceries. You will be pleased with the result.

—It is said that Senator P. Gray Meek, had one hundred dollars worth of postage stamps stolen from his desk in the senate chamber at Harrisburg last Thursday.

—Kline Musser, who formerly conducted a shoe business on Allegheny street, Bellefonte, has been running on the mail train between Bellefonte and Montandon.

—There will be a wedding in the Presbyterian church at Bellefonte on Wednesday, Jan 25. Robert F. Hunter, the efficient Commissioner's clerk, and Miss Butts will be there.

—Earle C. Tuten, at the Eureka is doing a good business in spite of the cold weather. When you want anything in the grocery line call and see Earle and he will supply you in short order.

—It is said that if you want to visit the World's Fair at Chicago that you can make it on fifty dollars, if you are careful and economical. This will include all necessary expense but nothing for drinks and cigars.

—Workmen were busy last Tuesday repairing a leak in the steam heat pipes at the house of Frank Green, Esq., on Linn St. There is no frost in the ground to trouble the laborers where these kind of breaks occur.

—Perforated election tickets can be had at any printing office in the county for the spring election, if the auditors order them in time so that the paper can be got, but no office keeps this kind of goods in stock.

—The National Hotel at Millheim, which has been run by Mr. Miller, has been rented to Willis Weaver, of Milesburg, who will take charge on the first of April. Mr. Miller goes to State College to take charge of a boarding house.

—Samuel Fisher, the industrious and efficient solicitor and collector for the *Gazette*, has been visiting Snow Shoe lately and says he was treated royally up there. Sammy is a good fellow and entitled to royal treatment wherever he goes.

—J. H. Garman, who lives near Bellefonte, was made the happy father of twin boys on Monday, January 9. He is very much pleased and expects these boys to be senators in the early part of the twentieth century, as no doubt they will.

—William Buhse, an employee of the P. R. R. who lives at Lock Haven. had his thumb and one finger on his right hand badly crushed while coupling cars at the Bellefonte station a few days ago. He went home on the next train after the accident.

—Last Friday evening a donation party assembled at the Evangelical parsonage in Madisonburg composed of members of the Yerick's and Madisonburg churches. The pastor made remarks and offered a prayer. The evening was spent plesantly in social intercourse.

—The Manager of Mugg's Landing Co., agrees to refund all admission money taken in and also to donate two hundred dollars to any institution in town, if the audience is not perfectly satisfied with the performance this evening. Go and see the show, it is first-class.

—Two weeks or more ago John Bauer, of Bellefonte, slipped on an icy pavement and hurt his leg so badly that it resulted in an abcess of the bone and a report was started that he was likely to loose the limb by amputation. Upon investigation the report was found to be incorrect, that he is getting along as well as could be expected and would soon be about again.

—Last week Wednesday a party of young people left Bellefonte, for Snow Shoe, stopping at the Mountain House, arriving there at about 9 o'clock in the evening, after enjoying a supper at the well spread table of Mrs. Nolan, the landlady, the dining room was cleared for a dance which lasted all night in the morning they had breakfast and returned to Bellefonte. They had a merry time.

FOUR WERE HANGED.

A Quartette Swung off From One Gallows

CHESTERTOWN, Md., Jan. 13—Contrary to what was generally expected by everyone, Chestertown, outside of the jail precincts, passed a quiet and uneventful night. The streets of the little city were almost entirely deserted, except by the posse summoned a couple of days ago by Sheriff Plummer.

Four of the eight convicted murderers of Dr. J. H. Hill paid the penalty for their crime in the jail yard here shortly after noon to-day. The trap fell at 12 30 o'clock and in less than an hour the four negroes were dead. The men were Fletcher Williams, Charles W. Brooks, Moses Brown and Frisby Comegys. As soon as the drop fell a shout of exultation arose from the men who crowded into the jail yard and surrounded the scaffold Fletcher Williams and Moses Brown died almost without a struggle. Their necks were broken. Brooks and Comegys went through the most appalling contortions. The latter died from strangulation and the former's death was due to the dislocation of his neck. Comegys, the youngest of the quartette, was conscious for at least five minutes while hanging. He twisted his legs struggled with his handcuffs and drew his knees to his neck. Brown went through similar movements. He died hard. His frame swayed several minutes and when the crowd thought him dead he started the most desperate contortions. His body wriggled within the straps about him and his determined efforts to get the handcuffs off pleased the crowd immensely.

The old farmers who gathered about the dying man laughed, and some even cursed the negroes. Fletcher Williams dropped five feet and made no effort to resist the inevitable. Moses Brown also passed away without much outward protestation. The men died in from ten to eighteen minutes. The heart of Williams beat for seventeen minutes, although he acted as though he died first. The men were examined by Doctors W. Frank Hines, J. Horton Kelley, Charles W. Whaland and John L Wethered, the latter of Philadelphia. At 12 50 the bodies were cut down placed in pine coffins at once and conveyen to the potters' field, after which the people quietly dispersed.

The streets around the jail were crowded early in the forenoon by a mob of men, howling for admittance within the enclosure. By 11 30 o'clock the citizens were swarming on top of the high board fences and trees in the vicinty. A disgraceful riot ensued. Some members of the pos'e comitatus were foremost in violating Sheriff Plummer's and Commander Crew's orders. The latter made an earnest appeal to his men to protect the fences, which had meanwhile been partially demolished. Swords and daggers were drawn, but the weapons were quickly dragged from the grasp of the posse men by the intruders. Several tugs of war were engaged in for the possession of muskets and rifles, but no serious injury resulted to the contestants.

It was a very cold day, and the guards and spectators grew impatient as the hour, 12.30, approached. "Bring them out," they yelled. "If you don t hurry up and hang them we will." "Here they come," goes up with a joyous shout from the crowd, as the poor wretched, falteringly shambled to their places on the scaflold. An instant later the trap was sprung and an intense yell of exultation went up from hundred of throats, Dr. Hill, their friend had been avenged. Then came murmurs of regret that four of the traps were unoccupied. Governor Brown was roundly abused for commuting, on Wednesday last, the sentence of the other four men implicated in the murder.

HISTORY OF THE CRIME.

For cold blooded barbarity the crime for which these negroes were hung to-day has seldom been equaled in a civilized community. It reminds one of the atrocities committed by King Behanzin in darkest Africa.

The scene of the crime was a lonely road, the hour midnight. Dr. James H. Hill, a man highly respected throughout the country, was the victim. He was on his way to attend the wants of a suffering child. As he approached a bridge a number of men sprang out from behind the trees along the road. Two seized his horse A blow from behind knocked him from his seat. As he fell a brutal hand seized him by the hair, and, drawing his head back so that the throat was fully exposed, a keen-edged knife was drawn across the smooth, white surface. He was then stabbed in the breast. As the hand let go the hair, the skull of the unfortunate physician was crushed with a heavy stone. The four negroes who were hung today were the principals in the assassination. Four boys, three of whom were 16 and 13 years of age, participated. They are Charles Emery, Henry Hurtt, Joshua Benson and Lewis Brainard. On account of their youth, and because he believed an octette hanging would be a blemish on the state's escutcheon, Governor Brown commuted their sentence to imprisonment for life.

CAUSE OF THE ASSASSINATION.

The causes which led to the assassination began several years ago. The origin was a quarrel in which the negroes were not in any way interested. A negro named Tom Campbell had a row in a saloon one night and was pitched out, and fell to the sidewalk dead. At the coroner's inquest Dr. James Hill reported that, so far as he could discover, there were no wounds on the body of Campbell sufficient to cause death and signed a certificate, which acquitted the white men in the saloon, greatly incensed the negroes against Dr. Hill. Some of them vowed vengeance.

About 11 o'clock on the night of April 23, as stated, Dr. Hill started to make a professional visit to the sick child of Shaw about five miles away. Mrs. Hill waited anxiously for his return.

At 4 o'clock she heard the sound of wheels in the yard. Dressing herself she went out. The sight that met her gaze nearly upset her reason. The horse was standing at the gate and in the cart was the insensible body of Dr. Hill, bruised and bleeding.

A groan escaped him as she approached, and she was able only to scream and to arouse the neighbors, who came as soon as they could and carried the doctor into the house, He never regained consciousness, and that afternoon he died.

NEWS OF THE MURDER.

The news of the murder spread like wildfire, and the people left their work to join in the pursuit of the murderers. The crime was quickly traced to a party of negroes who had been indulging in oysters and whisky and four were arrested.

At once plans were made to lynch them, but the officers smuggled them to the jail. Then came the work of the detectives, and finally one of the negroes confessed. Altogether fifteen negroes were arrested. The indictments embraced nine of these, but one was acquitted on proving an alibi.

Mose Brown, in his confession, said that on the night of the murder he left town with Perry Bradshaw, Williams, Erisby, Comegys, Charles Brooks, Henry Hurtt, Charlie Emery and John Bairnard. Lewis Brooks and Williams had been drinking. While walking by the big sycamore tree, Williams spoke about killing Dr. Hill. He said that a boy had come in town for him and that he would soon be out that way. "We will kill him, because Tom Campbell had been killed and nobody was found out and we could also do the same thing with Dr. Hill."

Brown said he thought Williams was funning about killing a man, but he told him the doctor would soon be along and that they wanted him to help them. Charlie Brooks, Frisky Comegys, and Perry Bradshaw agreed to help. The latter two said they would hold the horse. "We soon heard the horse coming and Williams said: "Here comes the—now," and the others said the same: When the rig got up to us Brooks grabbed the horse. Comegys and Brooks knocked him over. Then some one smashed him with a club and we started the horse toward home."

DR. HILL'S WIDOW INTERVIEWED.

She Believes That Governor Brown Outraged the Sentiment of Justice.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 13—To-day while four of the murderers of Dr. Hill were swinging at ropes' ends and four were toiling in the shops of the Maryland penitentiary in the first stage of a life sentence, the widow of the murdered man was interviewed by a News reporter. She said: "I think that Governor Brown has outraged the motherhood and the womanhood of the state of Maryland. I have no desire for the death of anyone, but as a mother and the widow of a man who was foully murdered I think that his exercise of his constitutional prerogative in the presence case was uncalled for. When I first heard of the efforts for executive clemency being made for the younger of the convicted men I appealed to Covernor Brown to let the law take its own course. I appeal from his action to those of the state who love the sanctity of the home and who honor the name of mother and wife and who protect the orphan. Without any cause whatever I am made a widow and my child an orphan. Three judges of unquestioned ability and integrity sat in trial and found the eight men guilty. They assuredly deserved the sevesest penalty of the law."

—A strange eye disease has broken out at Curwensville, Clearfield Co. The *Review*, of that place, in speaking of the epidemic, says: "There seems to be an epidemic among the people in this section, of the eyes, and in most cases the result has been loss of sight. Several months ago C. B. Norris while at work suddenly lost the sight of his left eye; then by an accident David Way lost the sight of his left eye; then C. A. Rorabaugh lost the sight of his left eye last week N. H. Heller was suddenly deprived of the sight of his left eye; Miss Flora Brown is also losing the sight of both eyes, and Mrs. Wm. Dale is blind in one eye. These are recent cases and are causing considerable alarm as no ones knows at what time they may be similarly affected. Another case is the 9-year old son of the *Review* man, whose left eye is almost totally blind. While in Philadelphia last week a noted specialist examined his eyes and announced that there was no hope for a restoration of the sight, but that the right eye was perfectly good and could be saved."

"N. H. Heller, who is a flesher at Procter's tannery, lost the sight of his left eye in a sudden manner on Friday afternoon, December 23d. While at work the sight went out like a flash and has not yet returned. He experienced no pain nor does his eye pain him at any time. He was in Philadelphia this week consulting specialists as to the cause of the accident and to get a remedy if possible. He returned on Tuesday and we are glad to learn he will probably recover the sight of his left eye."

FARMERS INSTITUTE.

DISTINGUISHED PERSONS WHO WILL ATTEND.

Topics to be Discussed An Interesting Gathering For Farmers And All Friends of Agriculture,

The Agricultnral Institute to be held at Centre Hall, Thursday and Friday, January 26 and 27, (Rebersburg 24 and 25) will be an affair well worth the attendance of every farmer and all others taking an interest in the important subject of agriculture, when he is the back-bone of the nation. The Institutes are held under the auspices of the State Board of Agriculture, and all are invited to take part in them.

Thus far the following able speakers have promised to be present and deliver addresses upon topics mentioned:

Dr. Atherton, president of State College, topic—

Prof Burkhout, State College, "Insects and their Relation to Plants;" "Forests and the Farmer."—

Gen. Beaver: "Reform in Roadmaking," "The Legal Aspect of the Repeal of the Fence Law of 1700."

Hon. Gerard C. Brown, of York, Friday: "The Potato Crop;" "The Farmers' Interest in Legislation."

Dr. Calder, of Harrisburg, Thursday and Friday: "Essentials for a Good Crop;" "Fruit Growing for Profit;" "Educating Children to Become Farmers."

Jas. McCracken, of Jefferson county; "How to Destroy Canada Thistles;" "Sheep for Profit."

D. F. Fortney, Friday afternoon: "What Legislation Does the Farmer Need."

Prof. C. R. Neff, Friday evening,

Hon. M. Whitehead, Wahshington, D. C., topic: "Farmers to the Front;" "The Old and the New Agriculture."

Besides these there will be essays and recitations by our home talent, music, question box, etc., to lend variety and interest to each session. After each address there will be general discussion free to all.

Three sessions each day-morning afternoon and evening.

These meetings will be interesting to all, farmers especially.

Don't miss a good thing.

THE LOST IS FOUND.

Last week we published the fact that Adam Krumrine, of Potter township, had disappeared and his relations and friends were anxiously searching for him. He had started for Bellefonte, had been seen in Bellefonte and Milesburg, then mysteriously disappeared. Last Thursday morning Hon. P. Gray Meek started on the early train to Harrisburg to attend to his duties in the State Senate. At Tyrone he met Hon. J. H. Orvis, who was returning to Bellefonte. As they were talking together they saw Mr. Krumrine walking about on the platform and accosted him; by his answers they saw at once something was wrong with him. He commenced to talk of financial troubles, could not tell where he had been, where he was or where he intended to go. They pursuaded him to return to Bellefonte with Mr. Orvis. On the way he talked all the time of his financial troubles. On his arrival at Bellefonte he was placed in care of Geo. R. Meek to be taken home. He wanted to walk and started, getting as far as the toll gate when he was brought back. Mr. Meek then started wfth him, took him as far as the top of Nittany mountain where he placed him in charge of Mr. Spangler who took him home. This is the way the wear and tear of our competitive system of doing business destroys the minds of many good men. What more cruel misfortune could come to a man who has worked hard for years to gain a small pittance for old age, then when that time is approaching to have it all swept away by a cruel turn in the wheel of fortune? We have heard it said that this man bought a farm years ago for which he paid about half down and mortaged for the other half. The price then paid was considered a fair one but since then, although this man has worked hard, he has not been able to live and pay off that mortgage; and now, through the depreciation in the value of real estate, that farm is not worth the mortgage that is upon it and his home is in danger; his home that he actually half paid for once; his home that he toiled for years with energy and hope; his home where his children were born and have grown to maturity; his home on which he expected to die in peace. Is it not a cruel fate? is it not enough to turn the old man's mind and make him a wreck, and send him in sorrow to an earlier grave than he should, in the proper course of nature, have filled? What is our civilization good for if some means cannot be found to alleviate such cruel conditions as these? Must the honest working man, the man who produces the world's wealth, always be denied any chance to share the product of his efforts? Must ninety cents out of every dollar he earns always be taken from him by unholy environments? We think not. Our civilization is advancing and the day of industrial liberty is dawning.

—William B. Stanley, who lives about one mile north of Milesburg, while at work carrying wood fell on a stick he was carrying, his back coming across the stick and his head striking the frozen ground with considerable force. He did not think at the time he was much hurt. This was on Jan. 5, the next day, however, he died from the injury he received. The funeral took place from his home on Jan. 8th. He was 70 years, 10 months and 23 days old. had been a member of the Messiah church for forty years and died in that faith. He was an honest, hard working man and held the respect of all who knew him.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Mrs. Jack McClellan, of Altoona, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. L. Spangler, of this place.

Senator Mathew S. Quay has been chosen to succeed himself as Senator from this State there was very little opposition to him.

James Hastings, Jr., son of James Hastings and nephew of Gen. D. H. Hastings, is now visiting in Bellefonte at the home of his uncle on Allegheny Street.

John Raymon, a young man employed on the farm of H. K. Hoy, had the misfortune to break his leg last week he was hauling logs and one fell on his leg.

—J. M. Ward, the champion Base ball player of the United States, a Bellefonte boy and who has many friends and relatives here, still has expressed a determination to quit the base ball business and take up his profession of the law which he has for years been preparing himself to engage in. Visiting the New York *Herald* office a short time ago he said to them: "I have decided to retire permanently from base ball, and will in the future take up the legal profession. I want to make a start now, and feel that I can stop playing ball for a living. I do not leave the Brooklyn club because of any misunderstanding with Mr. Byrne, but simply because I want to quit. I have told Mr. Abell what I am going to do, and you know I have nothing against him. I should like to play ball in New York again, but it is too late now.

—For steady cold weather this beats any record made since 1873. In that year we had a long spell of severe cold weather and on one day in February the mercury went down 30 degrees below zero as was reported at that time by J. V. Thomas, who kept a registering thormometor and watched it carefully. We have had nothing like it until this winter, although the coldest day we have had this year in this town is nine degrees below zero. This kind of weather is hard on poor people who have little coal and no money to buy. We have heard of no severe suffering on this account however in this county, although our exchanges are filled with accounts of terrible suffering and sometimes deat in other places caused by the cold.

—Dr. R. G. H. Hayes' house on Spring street, that was almost completely destroyed by fire about three months ago, has been repaired and is now most ready for occupancy. Henry Huffman is putting down the carpet. He repaired the cushions at the Presbyterian church which he claims he took at so low a price that there was nothing made on the job. He gave them good work, however, and if he did not get his reward here he will no doubt in that other world where all the wrongs and uneven things of this world are made smooth and straight. Now, Henry, if you do not want to wait so long for your full pay put a living price on your labor. If you do not ask a fair price you won't get it, sure.

—Andrew Rankin who lived at Karthaus, Clearfield county, and for years enjoyed the confidence and esteem of the community only at the last to betray it in a most outrageous manner and who has been a fugitive from justice for the last eighteen months was captured in Tioga county about two weeks ago. He is charged with forgery, embezzlement, larceny, and fraud and should all the people prosecute him who have suffered by his wrong doing it is said he would be entitled to about seven hundred years in the penitentiary.

—Last Monday Lewis Watson, of Snow Shoe. hitched his team in front of Stitzers book store and went off to attend to business. When he returned he unhitched his horse to start away; the animal, a colt only four years old, started away very brisk, in turning the corner of Bishop street the sleigh struck a post and threw the old man out. The horse was caught by parties near the scene before it could run away. No damage appeared to have been done. Mr. Watson was urged to remain in town over night but he concluded that he must go home and he went.

—Miss Ada Lucas, who lives near Bellefonte, was surprised by a number of her friends a short time ago. She was at church and when she returned home she found a house full of company. Miss Sadie Roan managed the affair. They all had a very pleasant evening.

THE PRESBYTERIANS.

The Presbyterian society, of Bellefonte, held their annual congregational meeting in the chapel on Tuesday, Jan. 10, James Harris, Esq.. presiding. Prof James R. Hughes was chosen secretary. The Treasurer, E. C. Humes Esq., and secretary of the board of trustees, John C. Miller. Esq., made their reports which agreed. The secretarys, report was as follows

For the year ending December 31, 1892.

RECEIPTS

Amount contributed for support	$2860.22
" of Basket Collections	140.92
	3001.14

EXPENDITURES

Amount paid Treas. bal. due him for 1891,	13.48
" Pastors salary for 1891,	300.00
" " 1892,	2000.04
" Sexton " "	144.00
" Organist—Chas D. Neff	20.53
" " Mrs. Hayes	50.00
" " Miss Hughes	5.00
" " Geo. N. Brandon,	98.50
" Music for choir	10.89
" Steam and Gas Company	484.45
" Electric Light Company	3.25
" Printing	4.35
" Repairs to church	99.07
" " parsonage	81.25
" " organ	2.50
" Insurance	128.80
" Stationery and postage	11.25
" Incidental expenses	5.60
	3462.56
We owe two notes amounting to	$528.15
Deduct bal. in hands of Treasurer,	66.73
Leaving actual indebtedness of	461.42
	$3001.14

There still remains unpaid about $210.00 on subscriptions for 1892.

The term of office of D. F. Fortney and Dr. R. G. Hayes expires to-day. Respectfully submitted,

D. F. Fortney, President.
John C. Miller, Secretory.
Chas. F. Cook,
R. G. H. Hayes,
J. G. Heylmun,
Jas. Schofield.

Dr. R. G. H. Hayes and D. F. Fortney Esq., whose terms had expired were re-elected

There was some discussion as to how the pews in the church, now that they had all been changed, should be given out. Most were favorable to the plan of allowing each family to select pews as near as possible where their old ones had been. Some advocated selling the pews, but this plan did not meet with general favor.

THE ORGAN RECITAL.

Some years ago the ladies of the Presbyterian church started a movement to accumulate funds for the purchase of a pipe organ for the society. They worked dilligently for years and had accumulated several hundred dollars. Some of the wealthy made members had promised that when a certain sum had been raised they would furnish the ballance. Last week saw the consumation of their hopes when the new instrument was set up in the church complete and turned over to the society and last Friday night an organ concert was given in the church to raise a little money and show to the people the powers and possibilities of the great instrument. Skilled talent was engaged from Philadelphia to assist home musicians in the grand organ recital. The Phila. parties were Miss Keim, George Ford, Esq., and Pros. S. Tudor Strang, almost an hour before the concert was to begin the house was crowded to its utmost capacity and 250 chairs were brought in and placed in the isles. All lovers of music in Bellefonte and many from other parts of the county were there. The program was an excelent one and all the performers performed their part to perfection. The audience showed their appreciation of their efforts by frequent applause. It was estimated that there were almost one thousand people in the church. The receipts were about four hundred and fifty dollars. It was considered by all that heard it as one of the finest entertainments of the kind ever held in Bellefonte. After the concert the singers were invited by the committee to a supper at Ceaders's where a sumptuous feast had been prepared.

When you want Groceries good, fresh and at a low price go to the Eureka Grocery High St, Bellefonte next door to Post office.

—Elias Handcock, who is still teaching in the public schools of this county, commenced when he was 16 years old and has taught 36 terms. He is now 57 years old.

MARRIED.—On wednesday evening, Jan 11 at the home of the bride at Charlton Clinton Co, by Rev. J. H. Mogart, of that place M. S. Smith of Center Hall to Miss Alice Betts of Charlton.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE